

414 N. Meridian St., Newberg, OR 97132 503.538.8383

March 31, 2014

Catherine Lhamon, Assistant Secretary
U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights
Lyndon Baines Johnson Department of Education Building
400 Maryland Avenue, SW
Washington, DC 20202-1100

Re: George Fox University's Request for Title IX Religious Exemption

Dear Ms. Lhamon:

I have become aware that the Departments of Education and Justice recently interpreted Title IX's ban on sex discrimination in education to include discrimination based on gender identity.\(^1\) As President of George Fox University, a private, religious liberal arts college in Oregon, I hereby request, under 34 C.F.R. §106.12, an exemption for George Fox from this interpretation of Title IX, due to the religious beliefs of our institution.

George Fox University, a Christ-centered community, prepares students spiritually, academically, and professionally to think with clarity, act with integrity, and serve with passion. Since its founding more than a century ago, George Fox has been committed to providing a Christian education – from its early days as Friends Pacific Academy, established in 1885, to the present. Its name honors the founder of the Friends (Quaker) movement and the University is owned by the Northwest Yearly Meeting of Friends (in fact, 4/7 of the Board of Trustees must be Friends).

In its Statement of Faith, the University expresses its belief that, "[i]n love and joy, God creates and sustains the universe, including humanity, male and female, who are made in God's image." The University believes "that God inspired the Bible and has given it to us as the uniquely authoritative, written guide for Christian living and thinking. As illumined by the Holy Spirit, the Scriptures are true and reliable." These theological beliefs are also embedded in the doctrinal statements of the Northwest Yearly Meeting of Friends.

The University believes that human beings, fashioned by God in His own image, are created male and female (Genesis 1:27). In the New Testament, Jesus confirms the heterosexual creation of human beings: God made them male and female (Matthew 19:4). Like the rest of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Resolution Agreement Between the Arcadia Unified School District, the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights, and the U.S. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, available at <a href="http://www.justice.gov/crt/about/edu/documents/arcadiaagree.pdf">http://www.justice.gov/crt/about/edu/documents/arcadiaagree.pdf</a>

http://www.justice.gov/crt/about/edu/documents/arcadiaagree.pdf

<sup>2</sup> George Fox University, About George Fox-Statement of Falth,
http://www.georgefox.edu/about/mission\_vision\_values/faith\_statement.html (last visited Mar. 17, 2014).

Letter to Ms. Catherine Lhamon March 31, 2014 Page 2 of 3

God's creation, the sexual differences between man and woman are pronounced "very good" (Genesis 1:31).

This distinction between men and women is also assumed in our lifestyle statement with regard to issues of sexual morality. The statement says that "in regard to sexual morality, we believe that only marriage between a man and a woman is God's intention for the joyful fulfillment of sexual intimacy. This should always be in the context of mutual compassion, love, and fidelity. Sexual behaviors outside of this context are inconsistent with God's teaching. We recognize these principles may conflict with the practice or opinion of some within the larger culture. We are convinced that this is God's design for providing the most loving guidance and practice for individuals and our community."

We affirm the dignity of all human beings. We also separate the value of each person from the behavioral choices one makes. We believe that, as Christians, we are called to treat all people with compassion, and to extend the gospel of repentance, forgiveness, and transformation through Jesus Christ to such persons without reservation. However, in keeping with our biblical beliefs surrounding the morality of such actions, we cannot in good conscience support or encourage an individual to live in conflict with biblical principles.

Based on the resolution recently entered into by the Department and a California school district, it appears that the Department is now interpreting Title IX's ban on discrimination in education because of sex to also mean that educational institutions may not "discriminate" on the basis of "gender identity." Specifically, the school district in that dispute was ordered to allow a female student presenting herself as male to use the restroom, locker room, and living accommodations of her choice, and to participate in boys' athletic programs.

We would not be able to make similar accommodations consistent with our religious beliefs. Because of our biblical beliefs regarding gender and sexual morality, our practices might be deemed a violation of this interpretation of Title IX. However, under 20 U.S.C. §1681(a)(3) and 34 C.F.R. §106.12(a), this interpretation does not apply to George Fox: "This part does not apply to an educational institution which is controlled by a religious organization to the extent application of this part would not be consistent with the religious tenets of such organization."

Thus, on behalf of George Fox University, I hereby request an official exemption from compliance with that interpretation of Title IX. George Fox gladly complies with Title IX with respect to granting equal opportunities in educational programs or employment to members of both sexes; our request for exemption is limited to the recent interpretation that "sex" under Title IX also includes gender identity.

<sup>3</sup> See supra note 1.

Letter to Ms. Catherine Lhamon March 31, 2014 Page 3 of 3

If you require anything further, please do not hesitate to contact me

Let al

T. Robin Baker

President

George Fox University

cc: Gregory S. Baylor, Esq., Alliance Defending Freedom