

1982-83
Federal Pell Grant
Program
End-of-Year Report

U.S. Department of Education
Office of Postsecondary Education



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INTRODUCTION

The Pell Grant Program, administered by the Department of Education's Office of Student Financial Assistance, is the largest of six student financial aid programs authorized under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 and its amendments.¹ The program offered grants ranging from \$50 to \$1,800 in the 1982/83 academic year to eligible individuals so that they could further their postsecondary education. Since its inception in 1973, the number of Pell recipients has increased over ten fold. During the 1982/83 school year alone, 2,522,746 individuals received \$2,420,517,000 in grants.

The primary feature that distinguishes the Pell Grant Program from other forms of financial assistance is its entitlement concept. All students meeting certain criteria are guaranteed aid, with the amount of aid determined by financial need and educational cost. To be eligible for a grant an individual must meet certain residency requirements, be enrolled at least half-time in an eligible program at a school participating in the Pell program and be determined to have sufficient financial need. Financial need is calculated using a formula developed annually by the Department of Education and reviewed and approved by Congress.

¹ The next largest program is the Guaranteed Student Loan program. The other major programs providing student financial assistance in order of decreasing size are as follows: (1) National Direct Student Loan; (2) College Work-Study; (3) Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant; (4) State Student Incentive Grant.

This formula, applied consistently to all applicants, takes into account such indicators of financial strength as income, assets, and family size, and produces a Student Aid Index (SAI).² The SAI is combined with the cost of a student's education, the student's enrollment status (full or part-time), and the amount, if any, of Veterans educational benefits that the student receives to determine the amount of the Pell Grant.

Generally, the amount of the grant increases as the Student Aid Index decreases so that an applicant with an index of zero may receive the maximum award equal to one half of the applicant's educational cost for the year. This is subject to an overall award limit of \$1,800 and may be affected by the amount of Social Security and and/or Veterans educational benefits that a student receives. Annual educational costs must be over \$400 to qualify for any award. Proportionately, smaller awards are made to part-time students.

PURPOSE AND ORGANIZATION OF THE 1982/83 END-OF-YEAR REPORT

Since 1973, the Pell Grant Program Policy and Analysis Section of the Office of Student Financial Assistance has compiled statistical information on Pell program activity. The information provides a basis for program planning and development and is incorporated each year into an End-of-Year Report. This report, designed as a desk top reference manual, can help higher education officials and financial aid administrators to better understand current patterns of Pell Grant disbursements.

² The Office of Student Financial Assistance changed the Term "Student Eligibility Index (SEI)" to "Student Aid Index (SAI)" after the 1981/82 processing year.

The 1982/83 End-of-Year Report is a series of tables, with accompanying explanation, which describe in detail selected aspects of Pell program activity. The tables are grouped into seven chapters. Chapter 1 highlights the most significant program activities during the 1982/83 award period. This chapter contains general information such as the total number of applications processed, the number of grant recipients, the types and number of institutions participating in the Pell program, and income-related characteristics of applicants and recipients. Chapter 2 is an in-depth analysis of selected demographic characteristics of recipients and of the impact these characteristics have on grant levels. The chapter examines the interrelationship of factors such as recipient age, family income, dependency status, Student Aid Index, and educational cost. Chapter 3 presents information about the eligibility status of applicants by income level, examines the interrelationship of dependent students' earnings and family income, explains summary statistics on applicants reporting Veteran's benefits and Social Security benefits, and contains a table on enrollment status by type and control of institution. Chapter 4 analyzes the effects of family income on grant levels for validated students. Chapter 5 looks at selected aspects of the Multiple Data Entry application processing system. Chapter 6 summarizes information on the institutions participating in the Pell program. It includes data on the number of schools participating, their locations, types of control (public or private), and the lengths of programs offered. A glossary at the end of Chapter 6 defines the terms used in this report. The reader may find it useful to scan the glossary before continuing further.

To facilitate cross-year comparisons, the format of the tables in this report is consistent with the reports from previous years. However, the numbering system was changed in 1981/82. Tables 1-10 in 1981/82 corresponded to prior years' tables 1-10, but tables 11-24 did not correspond to previous tables 11-23. Table 15 was a new table. The format of the 1982/83 report is the same as 1981/82.

DATA BASES FOR END-OF-YEAR REPORT TABLES

All tables in the 1982/83 End-of-Year Report, except Tables 1 and 14, were derived from a universe file containing applicant and recipient data current through February 1984. The applicant data were taken from the applications students submitted to the central processor; most recipient or disbursement data were derived from Student Aid Reports (SARs). Validated disbursement data, or data obtained from Student Validation Rosters, have been obtained for most students and were included as part of the recipient data. Some expenditure and grant level information found in the tables is, however, based on expected disbursements and may not reflect actual expenditures. For example, average grant information takes into account neither changes in a student's status which have an impact on grant amount (i.e., the student dropping out of school part way through) nor money recovered from overawards.

It is recognized that "freezing" the data in February 1984 and using only information on the file through that time will mean that some information will not be collected and some unresolved data problems may be incorporated in the universe file. Nevertheless, experience has shown that the number of additions to the file and the number of problems resolved after the out-off date are small and do not significantly change the current distributions.

In contrast to the above mentioned tables, Table 1 is based on the final applicant and the most recent recipient data available. It more closely reflects actual expenditures. The number of recipients, total expenditures and average Pell Grant in Table 1 are from the most recent Program Information Management System data. These are aggregate data which more accurately reflect total Pell Grant expenditures at institutions. The level of expenditures includes funds sent to schools but not spent for students who did not receive awards, did not receive full awards because of changes in enrollment status or other reasons, and other recoveries. However, because this recipient count is merely the number of unduplicated SARs in the system, it includes those with "zero" disbursements. On the other hand, all other tables except Table 14 are based on special tabulations and sums of data from individual recipients' records. Such records do not reflect changes in Expected Disbursement actually

experienced by these students, unless their awards have been validated by the school. By definition, these special tabulations do not count students with "zero" disbursements as recipients. These two factors work together to show a reduced average award on Table 1 in comparison with the average awards shown on other tables. After all Student Validation Rosters have been processed for the 1982/83 period, individual recipient data will agree with aggregate data reported on Institutional Progress Reports. Because these factors have been considered, recipient data on Table 1 (such as average grant) may differ from similar data on other tables.

The data on Table 14 are derived from a separate set of reports, National Summary Statistics for 1982/83, produced on February 6, 1983. National Summary Statistics are based on the applicant file "frozen" at a specific point in time. The Summary Statistics represent a "picture" of the applicant population at that point. These data are used in Table 14 because they more finely reflect certain applicant characteristics not available from other sources.

The data presented in the 1982/83 End-of-Year Report have been compared internally and with similar data derived from other sources. The distributions have been found to be consistent.

CHAPTER 1

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PELL GRANT PROGRAM
AWARD PERIOD 1982/83

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PELL GRANT PROGRAM
AWARD PERIOD 1982/83

Introduction

This chapter is divided into four parts. First, the significant changes in the program, which occurred during 1982/83, are summarized. Second, the major changes in applicant, recipient, and award data, are highlighted. Third, the impact of program changes is discussed. Finally, there is an examination of Table 1 which presents a historical "portrait" of the Pell Grant program through the 1982/83 academic year.

Major Changes in the Program During 1982/83

A number of significant changes were initiated during the 1982/83 academic year that may have impacted on the statistical data. They were:

- o A dramatic (500%) increase in the number of students who were selected for validation -- from 313,791 in 1981/82 to 1,660,021 in 1982/83.
- o Social Security educational benefits and veterans educational benefits were used to determine grant levels for students who received such benefits.
- o The definition of independent student was modified. Married students did not have to report their parents' incomes if they were independent for one year (rather than two prior years).
- o The maximum award was increased from \$1670 to \$1800.

Major Changes in Applicant, Recipient and Award Data During 1982/83

The following major changes in applicant, recipient, and award data occurred during 1982/83.

- o In 1982/83, the number of applicants increased by 3.5% over 1981/82. Over five million persons, half of all undergraduate students in the U.S. applied for a Pell Grant during 1982/83.
- o The number of recipients, however, declined by 6.9%, 2.5 million in 1982/83 compared to 2.7 million in 1981/82.
- o The average award increased by 12.9% from \$849 to \$959 in 1982/83.
- o The number of recipients who had student aid indices of 0 increased by 8.3% from 1981/82 to 1982/83.
- o Total expenditures on the program rose by 5.3% from \$2,299,718,000 to \$2,420,517,000.

Impact of Program Changes

The 1982/83 change that may have had the greatest potential impact on students and institutions was the vast increase in the number of people selected for validation. The logical explanation of the result of selecting such large numbers of students for validation would be that the income distribution and the SAI levels of recipients would be shifted upward. Interestingly enough, however, that did not occur. Rather, the number of recipients with an SAI of 0 increased from 44.8% to 52.5% and the percentage of recipients with incomes of \$6000 and below increased from 41.6% to 45.5%. The number of eligible applicants who never submitted an SAR for payment increased from 20.3 percent in 1981/82 to 24.5% in 1982/83.

Another major change was the increase in the average award. In 1981/82, the average award was \$849 and in 1982/83, it increased by 12.9% to \$959. A partial explanation for this large increase is the 7.7% increase in the maximum award, from \$1,670 to \$1,800. However, that alone is not the total reason. It

would appear, based on the available data, that students were determined eligible for higher awards. This may be especially significant given the increased validation activity and would seem to indicate that the students served by the Pell Grant program are those the Program was intended to help.

The percentage of students who are financially dependent on their families still represents more than one-half of all recipients; however, the percentage decreased to 54.4 percent in 1982/83 from the 58.1 percent reported in 1981/82. For independent students, there was a corresponding increase to 45.6 percent from the 41.9 percent experienced in 1981/82. The probable reason for this is the new definition of "independent student" for married applicants.

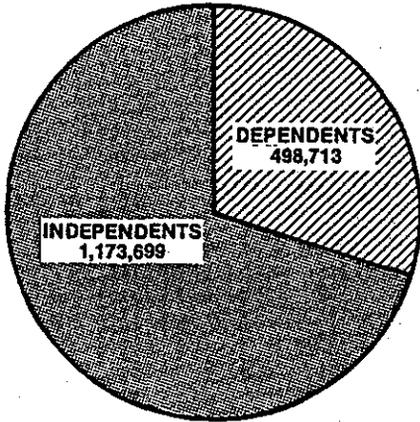
Over forty-five percent of the recipients had family incomes of \$6,000 or less, with independent recipients more than 3 times as likely as dependent recipients to report in this range (72.4% of independent recipients, 22.9% of dependent recipients). The percentage of recipients reporting family incomes exceeding \$15,000 decreased from 25.7% in 1981/82 to 21.5% in 1982/83. Approximately 3 percent of all applicants reported receiving Veteran's educational benefits and 7 percent reported receiving Social Security benefits.

As would be expected, there was a strong correlation between family income and assets and an applicant's Student Aid Index (SAI). Generally, the lower an applicant's income and assets, the lower his or her SAI. The correlation between SAI and grant level, however, is not as direct since education costs and enrollment status have a heavy impact on the size of the grant awarded. For example, although 52.5 percent of all students receiving Pell Grants had student aid indices of zero, only 39.3 percent of all recipients received grants over \$1,199.

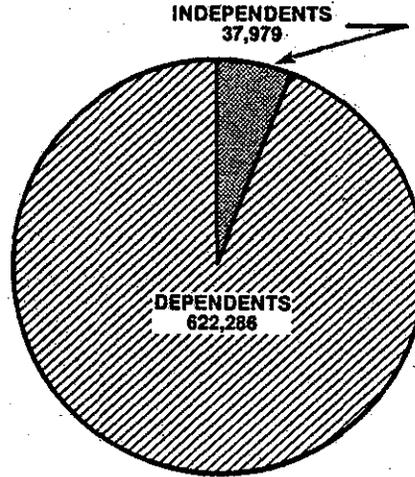
In addition, in 1982/83, students who received Social Security educational benefits and/or Veterans' educational benefits had the amount of those benefits considered in the calculation of their awards. The total amount of Social Security educational benefits, one-third of the Veterans' educational benefits

**QUALIFIED APPLICANTS BY
DEPENDENCY STATUS AND INCOME LEVEL
AWARD PERIOD 1982-1983**

**QUALIFIED APPLICANTS WITH
INCOMES UNDER \$7,500**



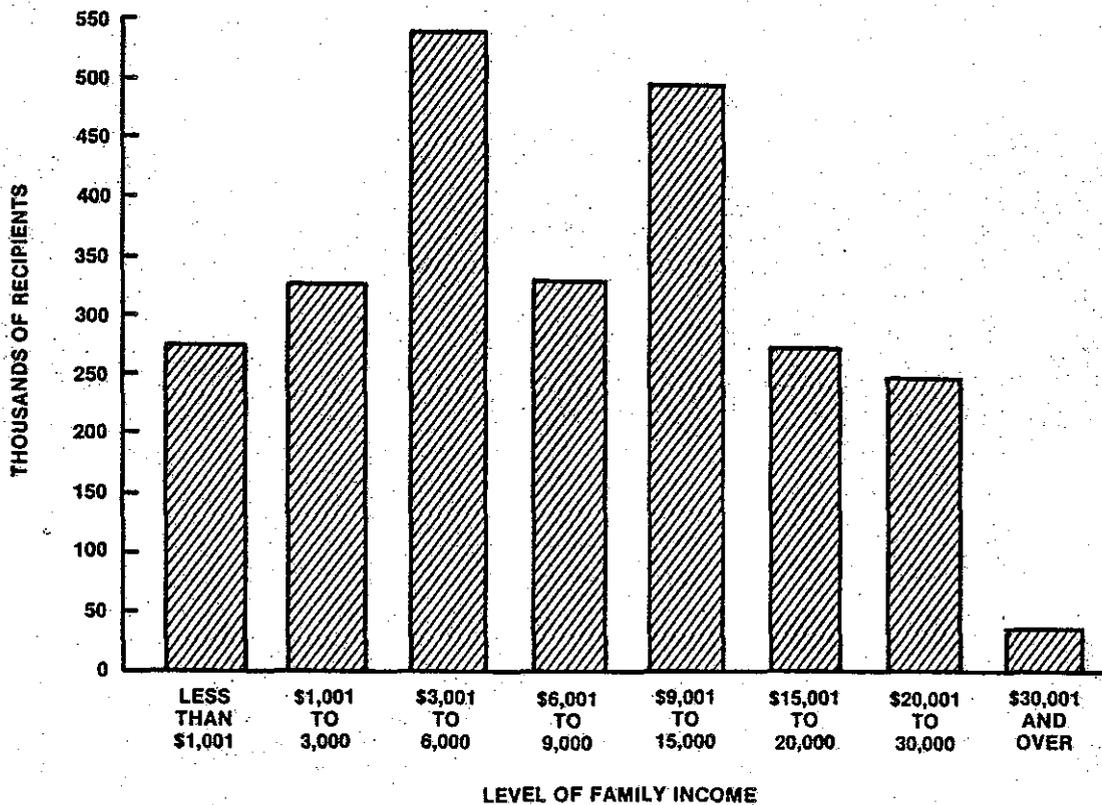
**QUALIFIED APPLICANTS WITH
INCOMES OVER \$15,000**



and the student's SAI were deducted from the cost of education to determine award level. This had an interesting effect on Pell recipients who also received benefits from these other sources. The overall percentage of VEB and SSB recipients in the total Pell recipient population decreased from 1981/82 to 1982/83 (VEB from 3.3% to 2.9% and SSB from 10.4% to 7.5%). In addition, the percentage of qualified applicants reporting SSB and VEB who received Pell Grants decreased significantly. Tables 12 and 13 provide greater detail on SSB and VEB beneficiaries.

Public institutions continued to attract the largest number of Pell Grant recipients although the number of students attending public schools declined by 10.4% this year. Almost two-thirds of all Pell recipients attended public institutions, while approximately 22 percent attended private non-profit schools. Over 15 percent attended private profit-making schools. Almost 55 percent of all Pell Grant recipients were enrolled in five-year institutions or four-year schools without graduate programs. More than one third attended schools offering two to less than four year programs, while the remaining students attended institutions requiring less than two years of course work. This pattern of enrollment is similar to that for 1981/82 program changes and did not seem to impact significantly the kinds of schools in which students enrolled.

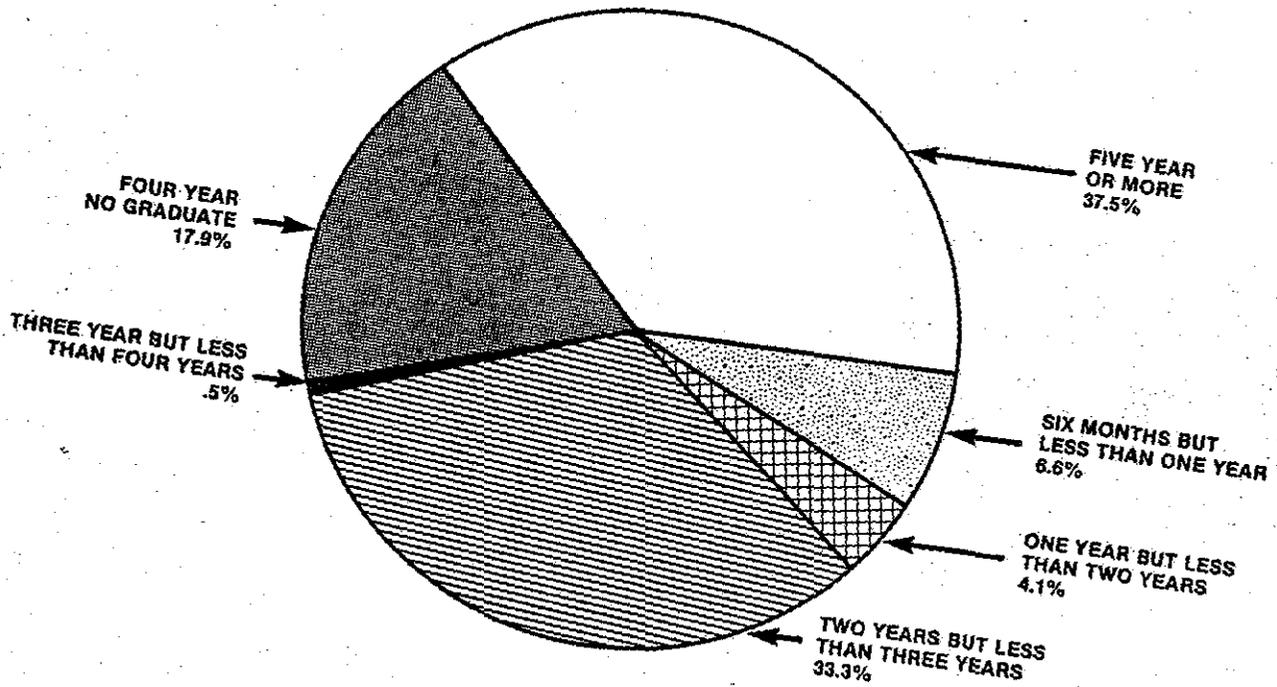
**DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS
BY LEVEL OF FAMILY INCOME
AWARD PERIOD 1982-83**



Students could apply for a 1982/83 Pell Grant through one of four sources. Slightly less than half (43.9%) of all applicants applied through the College Scholarship Service (CSS); 37.1% submitted applications directly to the Pell Grant program; and, 14.9% used the American College Testing (ACT) application form. A small number of individuals (4.1%) applied through the Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency (PHEAA). Individuals applying for Pell Grants by using the Federal application were determined eligible to receive grants more often than those who applied through other sources.

Percentage of official applications which resulted in a qualified SAR:

PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDED
AWARD PERIOD 1982-83

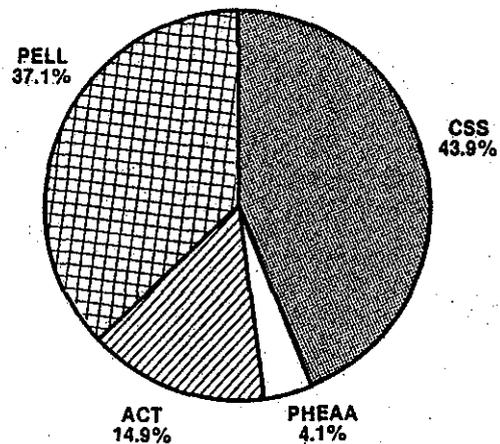


PELL	78.7%
ACT	61.9%
CSS	55.7%
PHEAA	58.4%

Almost seventy-six percent of all qualified applicants received grants, with the balance failing to file a Student Aid Report with an institution.

**PELL GRANT APPLICANTS/RECIPIENTS BY MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY SOURCE
(BASED ON TOTAL OFFICIAL APPLICATIONS PROCESSED)
AWARD PERIOD 1982-83**

APPLICANTS BY MDE SOURCE



RECIPIENTS BY MDE SOURCE

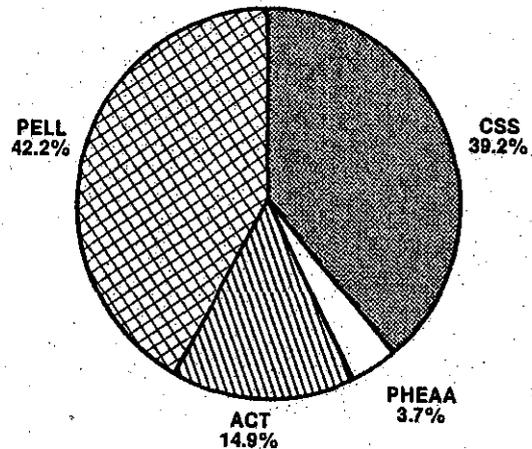


TABLE 1

Pell Grant Program
Summary Statistics for Cross-Year Reference
Award Period 1973/74 through 1982/83

Table 1 summarizes the general applicant and recipient trends in the Pell Grant Program from award period 1973/74, the first year of the program, through award period 1982/83.

The Pell Grant Program experienced a dramatic increase in both the number of applications processed and the number of Grant recipients from 1973/74 to 1976/77. Much of this increase was due to the expansion of the population eligible for Pell Grants from full-time freshmen in 1973/74 to allundergraduates attending Pell participating institutions at least half-time in 1976/77.

Program expansion was more gradual from 1976/77 to 1978/79. During this period, the number of official applications processed increased from 3,590,379 to 3,885,383 and total grant expenditures rose by approximately \$65 million dollars, compared to an increase of more than \$1.4 billion dollars between 1973/74 and 1976/77. From 1977/78 to 1978/79, the number of qualified applicants dropped from 2,390,320 to 2,228,603. An increase in the average grant from \$758 in 1977/78 to \$814 in 1978/79 accompanied the decline in the number of recipients and the growth of total expenditures.

From 1978/79 to 1979/80 the program expanded greatly, primarily in response to the passage of the Middle Income Student Assistance Act. While the number of applications only increased from 3,885,383 to 4,186,716 (7.8%), the number of recipients increased from 1,893,000 to 2,537,875 (34.1%). Since the average grant increased from \$825 to \$929 (12.6%), the total expenditures grew from \$1.54 billion to \$2.36 billion (53.2%).

In 1980/81 growth in the Pell Grant Program slowed. Although the volume of applications increased by 15.3% from 4,186,716 to 4,825,420, the number of recipients increased by only 6.7% from 2,537,875 to 2,707,932. The average award decreased from \$929 to \$882. Total expenditures increased by 1.3%, from \$2.357 billion to \$2.387 billion.

From 1980/81 to 1981/82 the number of applications and recipients remained approximately the same, while total expenditures fell for the second year in a row to \$2,299,718,000.

A number of changes to the program were initiated in the 1982/83 academic year: the definition of an independent student was modified; Veterans educational benefits were used to determine grant levels and the validation selection process was greatly expanded. For the first time in three years, there was an increase of 5.3% (from \$2,299,718,000 to \$2,420,517,000) in total expenditures. At the same time, the number of recipients decreased by almost 7% (from 2,709,076 to 2,522,746) while the number of applicants increased by almost 3.5% from 4,945,760 to 5,118,558 and the average award increased from \$849 to \$959 (12.9%).

Of all of the changes in the 1982/83 program, the one with the greatest impact was the expansion in the validation selection process. The number of eligible applicants selected for validation increased over 500% from 1981/82 (313,791) to 1982/83 (1,660,021).

Table 1

Pell Grant Program

Summary of statistics for Cross-Year Reference

	Award Period									
	1973-74	1974-75	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING OFFICIAL APPLICATIONS	512,866	1,304,877	2,339,337	3,590,379	3,844,047	3,885,383	4,186,716	4,825,420	4,945,760	5,118,558
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING VALID APPLICATIONS	482,331	1,114,084	2,178,696	3,408,718	3,621,641	3,401,428	3,868,429	4,475,762	4,614,590	4,709,225
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	268,444	681,648	1,455,187	2,258,043	2,390,320	2,228,603	3,029,745	3,330,534	3,398,237	3,341,371
	52.34	52.24	62.21	62.89	62.18	57.36	72.37	69.02	68.71	65.28
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF NON-QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	213,887	432,436	723,509	1,150,675	1,231,321	1,172,825	838,684	1,145,228	1,216,353	1,367,854
	41.70	33.14	30.93	32.05	32.03	30.19	20.03	23.73	24.59	26.72
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF APPLICATOINS RETURNED FOR INCUFFICIENT DATA AND NEVER RE-SUBMITTED FOR PROCESSING	30,535	190,793	160,641	181,661	222,406	483,955	318,287	349,658	331,170	409,333
	5.95	14.62	6.87	5.06	5.79	12.46	7.60	7.25	6.70	8.00
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING UNOFFICIAL APPLICATIONS						348,236	280,918	265,283	266,197	296,146
CLASSES OF ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS	Full-Time Freshmen	Full-Time Freshmen & Sophomores	Freshmen Sophomores Juniors	All Undergraduates						
NUMBER OF ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS SELECTED FOR VALIDAITON						119,263	232,118	320,852	313,791	1,660,021
NUMBER OF RECIPIENTS	185,249	567,000	1,217,000	1,944,000	2,011,000	1,893,000	2,537,875	2,707,932	2,709,076	2,522,746
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$49,873,951	\$356,353,000	\$925,998,000	\$1,475,444,000	\$1,524,340,000	\$1,540,895,000	\$2,357,222,000	\$2,387,117,000	\$2,299,718,000	\$2,420,517,000
AVERAGE PELL AWARD	\$270	\$628	\$761	\$759	\$758	\$825	\$987	\$887	\$849	\$959
MINIMUM PELL AWARD	\$50	\$50	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$50	\$200	\$150	\$120	\$50
MAXIMUM PELL AWARD	\$452	\$1,050	\$1,400	\$1,400	\$1,400	\$1,600	\$1,800	\$1,750	\$1,670	\$1,800

CHAPTER 2

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF PELL GRANT
APPLICANTS/RECIPIENTS
AWARD PERIOD 1982/83

TABLE 2

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
By Student Aid Index and Family Income
Award Period 1982/83

- 2A - Total
- 2B - Dependent
- 2C - Independent

Tables 2A, 2B, and 2C present the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by Student Aid Index and family income.

The tables indicate that during academic year 1982/83, Pell Grants were awarded to 2,522,746 students. The proportion of independent recipients (45.6%) was slightly more than in 1981/82 (41.9%).

Many Pell Grant recipients reported family incomes of \$6,000 or less. Approximately one-fifth reported incomes over \$15,000. Proportionately, more independent than dependent recipients reported in the lower income ranges.

- o Recipients with family incomes of \$6,000 or less:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 1,147,608	(45.5% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 314,878	(22.9% of all dependent recipients)
Independent	- 832,730	(72.4% of all independent recipients)
	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 1,127,097	(41.6% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 299,707	(19.0% of all dependent recipients)
Independent	- 827,390	(72.9% of all independent recipients)

o Recipients with family incomes greater than \$15,000:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 542,614	(21.5% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 516,976	(37.7% of all dependent recipients)
Independent	- 25,638	(2.2% of all independent recipients)

	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 695,992	(25.7% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 676,474	(43% of all dependent recipients)
Independent	- 19,518	(1.7% of all independent recipients)

Almost fifty-three percent of all recipients received student aid indices of 0. Of these, 77.3 percent reported family incomes of \$6,000 or less. A much larger proportion of independent than dependent recipients received student aid indices of 0.

o Recipients with student aid indices of 0:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 1,325,114	(52.5% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 461,843	(33.6% of all dependent recipients)
Independent	- 863,271	(75.1% of all independent recipients)

	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 1,214,914	(44.8% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 423,292	(26.9% of all dependent recipients)
Independent	- 791,622	(69.8% of all independent recipients)

Four percent of all Pell recipients received student aid indices greater than 1,400. Eighty-one percent of these students reported family incomes over \$15,000. Only 1 percent reported family incomes of \$6,000 or less. The proportion of dependent recipients with student aid indices over 1,400 was five times that of independent recipients.

o Recipients with student aid indices over 1,400:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 89,389	(3.5% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 72,778	(5.3% of all dependent recipients)
Independent	- 16,611	(1.4% of all independent recipients)

	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 100,420	(3.7% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 84,179	(5.3% of all dependent recipients)
Independent	- 16,241	(1.4% of all independent recipients)

TABLE 3

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
By Family Income and Grant Level
Award Period 1982/83

- 3A - Total
- 3B - Dependent
- 3C - Independent

Tables 3A, 3B, and 3C show the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by family income and grant level. The grant levels shown are in ranges of \$400 for the first two intervals, \$200 for the next three intervals, and \$399 for the sixth interval. The final grant level category indicates the number of students receiving the maximum Pell Grant.

Relative to the total, few students received the maximum grant during the 1982/83 award period. Over sixty percent of all Pell Grant recipients were awarded grants ranging from \$400 to \$1,399.

o Students receiving maximum grants:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 263,597	(10.4% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 112,385	(8.2% of dependent recipients)
Independent	- 151,212	(13.1% of independent recipients)
	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 247,316	(9.1% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 103,206	(6.6% of dependent recipients)
Independent	- 144,110	(12.7% of independent recipients)

o Students receiving grants of \$400 to \$1,399:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 1,546,288	(61.3% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 819,459	(59.7% of dependent recipients)
Independent	- 726,829	(63.2% of independent recipients)
	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 1,893,557	(69.9% of all recipients)
Dependent	- 1,105,907	(70.2% of dependent recipients)
Independent	- 787,650	(69.4% of independent recipients)

The data from these tables show that the greater the recipient's family income, the lower the potential for a large Pell Grant. Only 10.4 percent of all recipients were awarded the maximum grant of \$1,800. Among those recipients who received the maximum award, 72.9 percent had family incomes of \$6,000 or less, and only 1.5 percent had family incomes greater than \$15,000.

It is interesting to note, however, that 24.3 percent of all recipients reporting incomes of \$3,000 or less were awarded grants below \$800. Educational cost, one determinant of the amount of a Pell Grant, is one reason why a relatively large proportion of these low income recipients received grants below \$800. As Table 8A demonstrates, 21.4 percent of recipients reporting incomes of \$3,000 or less attended institutions where the educational cost was \$2,100 or less.

A comparison of the data from award periods 1981/82 and 1982/83 shows that the Pell Grant Program experienced a decrease in the proportion of students receiving grants less than \$800 but those awarded grants \$1,200 or greater

increased substantially. (It is important to note that the maximum grant during award period 1981/82 was \$1,670 and \$1,800 during 1982/83).

o Students receiving grants less than \$800:

1981/82	- 1,092,534	(40.3% of all recipients)
1982/83	- 936,655	(37.1% of all recipients)

o Students receiving grants of \$1,200 or greater:

1981/82	- 696,357	(25.7% of all recipients)
1982/83	- 991,135	(39.3% of all recipients)

TABLE 4

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
By Student Aid Index and Grant Level
Award Period 1982/83

4A - Total

4B - Dependent

4C - Independent

The Student Aid Index (SAI), along with educational costs, determines the amount of a Pell Grant. In general, the lower the index the larger the potential grant. Tables 4A, 4B, and 4C illustrate this correlation between Student Aid Index and grant level. For example, 96.4 percent of the recipients receiving the maximum award of \$1,800 had zero aid indices, while only 21 percent of the recipients who received awards less than \$400 had Student Aid Indices of zero. Over three-quarters of the recipients with zero Student Aid Indices received awards of \$800 or more while only .15 percent of the recipients with indices over 800 received awards of \$800 or more.

The step-shaped line drawn diagonally through Tables 4A, 4B, and 4C delineates valid versus invalid awards. All cells to the right of the line should contain zeroes, as these are invalid combinations of SAI and grant level. For example, the maximum grant shown on the Payment Schedule for a student with an SAI in the range of 1401 to 1450 is \$225. Grants which exceed \$225 for this SAI range represent institutional errors, data entry errors and overawards because of attendance at more than one institution. These types of errors will be corrected when Student Validation Rosters for all institutions have been successfully processed. It should be noted that "Grant" includes the sum of the Expected Disbursements on all SARs submitted for each recipient.

During 1982/83 there were 17,167 such invalid awards constituting .7 percent of all recipients. In 1981/82, 21,684 students or .8 percent of all recipients received invalid awards. This trend shows a continuing decline in invalid awards being made over the past three award years.

TABLE 5

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
By Student Aid Index and Type of Institution
Award Period 1982/83

- 5A - Total
- 5B - Dependent
- 5C - Independent

Tables 5A, 5B, and 5C show the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by student aid index and type of institution. The categories of institutions presented in this table are identical to those reported on the Institutional Progress Report and are defined in the glossary at the end of Chapter 6.

Categories of institution type differed in the numbers of students they attracted, and in the relative proportions of independent and dependent students enrolled. Approximately 71% of all students attended institutions offering programs of either two to three years duration or of at least five years duration. Greater proportions of dependent than independent students enrolled in schools with programs over three years in length while greater proportions of independent than dependent students enrolled in schools with programs of less than three years duration.

Over 50 percent of the recipients with family incomes of \$9000 or below attended institutions with programs less than three years in duration (see Table 6). Therefore, it is not surprising that 52 percent of all recipients with zero Student Aid Indices enrolled at schools with programs of less than three years duration while only 26.1 percent of all students with Student Aid Indices over 1400 enrolled at such schools.

TABLE 6

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
By Family Income and Type of Institution
Award Period 1982/83

6A - Total
6B - Dependent
6C - Independent

Tables 6A, 6B, and 6C show the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by family income and type of institution. Students in higher income categories enrolled in programs of longer duration than did lower income students. Dependent students enrolled in longer programs than independent students, regardless of income.

During award period 1982/83, almost 50% of all recipients reporting family incomes of \$6,000 or less and 71.1% of those with incomes greater than \$15,000 were enrolled in four and five-year institutions.

Type of institution attended differed significantly by dependency status for recipients with family incomes less than \$6,000. A comparison of the independent and dependent populations shows that the proportions of independent recipients who reported incomes of \$6,000 or less was over 3 times the proportion of dependent students (72.4% as opposed to 22.9%). Proportionately, more independent (38.4%) than dependent (32.7%) recipients with incomes in this lower range attended two to less than four-year institutions. Proportionately, more dependent recipients in this income group were enrolled in schools with programs of four years or more - 56.8% of dependent recipients as opposed to 45.8% of independent recipients.

Type of institution attended also differed significantly by dependency status for students with family incomes over \$15,000. Over seventy-two percent of the dependent students in this income category attended four to five year institutions while only 44% of the independent students in this group chose such schools. This difference probably occurred because, in this income range, independent students are more likely than dependent students to have jobs and are therefore less able to commit themselves to a long-term program.

TABLE 7

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients By Student
Aid Index and Educational Cost
Award Period 1982/83

- 7A - Total
- 7B - Dependent
- 7C - Independent

Tables 7A, 7B, and 7C show the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by student aid index and educational cost. Educational cost has been divided into \$300 increments following the first two cost ranges of under \$400 and \$400 to \$1,500. The first two cost ranges, less than \$400 and \$400 to \$1,500, were employed for the following two reasons: (1) according to the 1982/83 Payment Schedule, Pell Grant recipients had to have educational costs greater than \$400 to receive a grant; (2) most students had costs greater than \$1,500 since \$1,500 was the minimum allowance for living expenses and the cost of books and supplies.

Educational cost tends to increase in tandem with Student Aid Index. Only 30.8% of the zero Student Aid Index recipients attended institutions with educational costs over \$3,600 as compared to 40.7% of the recipients with Student Aid Indices between 800 and 1400 and 45.5% of recipients with SAI's over 1,400.

Tables 7B and 7C show that, as in past years, independent recipients clustered to a greater degree than dependent recipients in the lower educational cost and Student Aid Index ranges.

- o Recipients with zero student aid indices and educational costs of \$3,000 or less:

1982/83 Dependent	-	254,974	(18.6% of all dependent recipient)
1982/83 Independent	-	507,994	(44.2% of all independent recipients)
1981/82 Dependent	-	263,832	(16.8% of all dependent recipients)
1981/82 Independent	-	505,328	(44.5% of all independent recipients)

TABLE 8

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
By Family Income and Educational Cost
Award Period 1982/83

- 8A - Total
- 8B - Dependent
- 8C - Independent

Tables 8A, 8B, and 8C show the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by family income and educational cost. The data from the following three tables indicate that higher income recipients are likely to attend higher cost institutions and lower income recipients are likely to attend lower cost institutions.

- o Recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less with educational costs of:

		<u>1982/83</u>	
\$3,000 or less	-	659,009	(57.4% of recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)
Greater than \$3,600	-	356,032	(31% of recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)
		<u>1981/82</u>	
\$3,000 or less	-	715,138	(63.4% of recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)
Greater than \$3,600	-	289,923	(25.7% of recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)

- o Recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000 with educational costs of:

		<u>1982/83</u>	
\$3,000 or less	-	254,570	(46.9% of recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)
Greater than \$3,600	-	229,739	(42.3% of recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)

		<u>1981/82</u>	
\$3,000 or less	-	351,278	(50.5% of recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)
Grater than \$3,600	-	263,711	(37.9% of recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)

In the group of recipients reporting incomes of \$6,000 or less, the percentage with educational costs in excess of \$3,600 increased from 25.7% in 1981/82 to 31% in 1982/83.

Independent recipients more often than dependent recipients tended to be in the lower income and educational cost ranges and dependent recipients were more often in the higher ranges. This was true in both the 1980/81 and 1981/82 school years.

- o Recipients with educational costs of \$3,000 or less and incomes of \$6,000 or less:

1980/81 Dependent	-	204,805	(12.7% of all dependent recipients)
1980/81 Independent	-	540,395	(49.2% of all independent recipients)
1981/82 Dependent	-	185,870	(11.8% of all dependent recipients)
1981/82 Independent	-	529,268	(46.7% of all independent recipients)
1982/83 Dependent	-	170,533	(12.4% of all dependent recipients)
1982/83 Independent	-	488,476	(42.5% of all independent recipients)

- o Recipients with educational costs greater than \$3,000 and incomes greater than \$15,000:

1980/81 Dependent	-	316,921	(19.7% of all dependent recipients)
1980/81 Independent	-	5,162	(less than 1% of all independent recipients)
1981/82 Dependent	-	339,239	(21.5% of all dependent recipients)
1981/82 Independent	-	5,475	(less than 1% of all independent recipients)
1982/83 Dependent	-	278,943	(20.3% of all dependent recipients)
1982/83 Independent	-	9,101	(less than 1% of all independent recipients)

TABLE 9

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients By
Family Income and Net Asset Level
Award Period 1982/83

- 9A - Total
- 9B - Dependent
- 9C - Independent

Tables 9A, 9B, and 9C show the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by family income and net asset level. It should be noted that, as Table 9C shows, very few independent recipients have assets in excess of \$7,500 or incomes in excess of \$15,000.

The net asset level equals the sum of the market value of the recipient's (independent) or parent's (dependent) home, real estate, investments, business, farm, and checking and savings accounts, minus the sum of the unpaid debts on these items. The 1982/83 Pell Grant formula included a series of asset reserves to "protect" a portion of the student's (of the dependent student's parents) assets. These asset reserves were applied against the various categories of assets and allowed each applicant a portion of his or her reported assets from which no contribution was required. The asset reserves were included for all applicants except single independents (those with a family size of one). The level of the reserves ranged from \$25,000 for home assets to a total of \$100,000 for those reporting farm and/or business assets. Given the types of asset reserves allowed, assets had a small impact of the size of a recipient's grant.

In both the 1981/82 and 1982/83 school years, approximately the same ^{percentage} age of all recipients reported no net valuable assets. In 1982/83, 68.1 percent of all recipients and 94.6 percent of all independent recipients reported net assets under \$7,500. About 59 percent of those recipients who reported net assets worth \$7,500 or less had family incomes of \$6,000 or less, while 10.4 percent of those in this net asset range reported incomes greater than \$15,000.

TABLE 10

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
By Age and Family Income
Award Period 1982/83

- 10A - Total
- 10B - Dependent
- 10C - Independent

Tables 10A, 10B, and 10C show the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by age and family income. It should be noted that Tables 10A, 10B, and 10C are each two pages in length.

Almost sixty-six percent of all recipients were 22 years old or younger. The percentage of dependent recipients in this age range was more than two and one-half times as high as the percentage of independent recipients.

Recipients reporting family incomes greater than \$15,000 accounted for approximately 22 percent of all recipients. Proportionately, more recipients 22 years or younger (19.7 percent) had incomes over \$15,000 than recipients 30 years or older (.7 percent). This probably occurred because many younger applicants were dependent and reported their parents' incomes, while most of those 30 years or older were independent and reported their own incomes. Likewise, those recipients reporting incomes of \$3,000 or less (who constituted 23.9 percent of the total recipient population) accounted for a higher proportion of the 30 years or older age group than of the 22 years or younger group. Over twenty-eight percent of all recipients 30 years or older and 19.7 percent of all recipients 22 years or less reported in this income category. The relationships between age and income were similar in the 1981/82 school year.

CHAPTER 3

MISCELLANEOUS

AWARD PERIOD 1982/83

TABLE 11

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
Income By Dependent Student Earnings
Award Period 1982/83

Table 11 presents a distribution of Pell Grant recipients by family income and dependent student earnings. Almost twenty-six percent of all recipients (648,826), or about 47 percent of all dependent recipients, reported dependent student earnings in 1982/83.

Almost eighty-seven percent of the recipients with dependent student earnings had earnings of \$1 to \$4,000, while only 13.3 percent had earnings over \$4,000. Over seventeen percent of the recipients with dependent student earnings had family incomes of \$6,000 or less, while 44.7 percent reported family incomes greater than \$15,000.

TABLE 11
DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS BY FAMILY INCOME AND DEPENDENT STUDENT EARNINGS
AWARD YEAR 1982-83

FAMILY INCOME	DEPENDENT STUDENT EARNINGS										TOTAL
	\$1 - 500	\$501 - 1,000	\$1,001 - 1,500	\$1,001 - 2,000	\$2,001 - 2,650	\$2,651 - 4,000	\$4,001 - 5,000	\$5,000 - 7,500	\$7,501 - 10,000	\$10,000 +	
LESS THAN \$1,001	3,073	3,522	2,711	2,318	2,103	2,962	1,126	1,373	519	259	19,966
R%	15.39	17.64	13.58	11.61	10.53	14.84	5.64	6.88	2.60	1.30	100.00
C%	3.72	3.29	2.92	2.78	2.53	2.60	3.13	4.06	0.00	3.93	3.08
\$1,001 - 3,000	3,164	4,025	3,151	2,688	2,631	4,064	1,605	1,880	670	338	24,216
R%	13.07	16.62	13.01	11.10	10.86	16.78	6.63	7.76	2.77	1.40	100.00
C%	3.83	3.76	3.40	3.23	3.17	3.57	4.46	5.56	0.00	5.13	3.73
\$3,001 - 6,000	8,524	10,961	8,656	7,466	7,395	11,752	4,950	5,451	1,630	866	67,651
R%	12.60	16.20	12.80	11.04	10.93	17.37	7.32	8.06	2.41	1.28	100.00
C%	10.32	10.25	9.33	8.97	8.90	10.32	13.76	16.12	0.00	13.15	10.43
\$6,001 - 9,000	10,046	12,990	10,327	9,134	8,991	13,497	5,238	5,257	1,659	810	77,949
R%	12.89	16.66	13.25	11.72	11.53	17.32	6.72	6.74	2.13	1.04	100.00
C%	12.16	12.15	11.13	10.97	10.82	11.85	14.56	15.55	0.00	12.30	12.01
\$9,001 - 15,000	21,623	27,601	24,157	21,470	21,257	30,395	9,808	8,453	2,634	1,907	169,305
R%	12.77	16.30	14.27	12.68	12.56	17.95	5.79	4.99	1.56	1.13	100.00
C%	26.17	25.81	26.03	25.79	25.58	26.68	27.26	25.00	0.00	28.95	26.09
\$15,001 - 20,000	16,166	20,855	19,057	17,016	17,185	23,035	6,167	5,394	1,413	1,277	127,565
R%	12.67	16.35	14.94	13.34	13.47	18.06	4.83	4.23	1.11	1.00	100.00
C%	19.57	19.50	20.54	20.44	20.68	20.22	17.14	15.95	0.00	19.38	19.66
\$20,001 - 30,000	17,526	23,435	21,313	19,986	20,278	24,386	6,170	5,240	1,150	1,002	140,486
R%	12.48	16.68	15.17	14.23	14.43	17.36	4.39	3.73	0.82	0.71	100.00
C%	21.21	21.92	22.97	24.00	24.40	21.41	17.15	15.50	0.00	15.21	21.65
\$30,001 +	2,500	3,543	3,423	3,183	3,252	3,816	915	768	159	129	21,688
R%	11.53	16.34	15.78	14.68	14.99	17.59	4.22	3.54	0.73	0.59	100.00
C%	3.03	3.31	3.69	3.82	3.91	3.35	2.54	2.27	0.00	1.96	3.34
TOTAL	82,622	106,932	92,795	83,261	83,092	113,907	35,979	33,816	9,834	6,588	648,826
R%	12.73	16.48	14.30	12.83	12.81	17.56	5.55	5.21	1.52	1.02	100.00
C%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	0.00	100.00	100.00

TABLE 12

Summary Statistics for Pell Grant Applicants
Reporting Veteran's Benefits
Award Period 1982/83

Table 12 presents data on Pell Grant applicants reporting Veteran's Educational Benefits (VEB). During award period 1982/83, 144,528 applicants, constituting approximately 3 percent of all Pell Grant applicants, reported VEB on an "official" application. Over seventy-seven percent of the applicants reporting VEB were independent.

Last year, 162,664 applicants reported VEB on an "official" application. The 11.1 percent decrease in applicants reporting VEB from 1981/82 to 1982/83 reflects changes in VEB eligibility requirements and increasing chronological distance from the Vietnam War.

Almost 7 percent of the applications listing VEB were returned for insufficient data and never resubmitted for processing. Thus, they did not generate valid Student Aid Reports. Likewise, 8 percent of the entire Pell population did not generate valid SARs. Almost 76 percent of all applicants with VEB were qualified to receive Pell Grants, with a higher proportion of independent (79.6%) than dependent (62.9%) applicants qualified for an award. This continues the 1981/82 pattern in which independent applicants were more likely to qualify than dependents.

Approximately 66 percent of the qualified applicants who reported VEB received a Pell Grant, with dependent and independent applicants approximately equally likely to receive a grant. This decrease of 16% from 1981/82 is a result of the changes in calculating Veterans' benefits.

- o Qualified applicants reporting VEB who received grants:

		<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	-	72,185	(65.9% of all qualified applicants with VEB)
Dependent	-	13,155	(64.3% of qualified dependent applicants with VEB)
Independent	-	59,030	(66.2% of qualified independent applicants with VEB)
		<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	-	90,607	(82% of all qualified applicants with VEB)
Dependent	-	18,386	(81.6% of qualified dependent applicants with VEB)
Independent	-	72,221	(82.1% of qualified independent applicants with VEB)

Veterans were selected for validation at a lower rate than Pell applicants as a group, 43.1 percent of qualified veterans in contrast to 48.9 percent of all qualified Pell applicants. Dependent applicants reporting VEB were slightly more likely to be selected for validation than independent applicants. This finding differs from the findings of the 1981/82 school year when dependents were nearly four times as likely to be chosen. This year the number of applicants reporting Veterans' Benefits who were selected for validation more than tripled. This could be due to the fact that the figures reported by these applicants don't agree with the Education Department's figures, thus, they are more likely to be validated.

o Applicants reporting VEB who were selected for validation:

		<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	-	47,194	(43.1% of all qualified applicants with VEB)
Dependent	-	9,780	(47.8% of all qualified dependent applicants with VEB)
Independent	-	37,414	(42% of all qualified independent applicants with VEB)

		<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	-	15,532	(14.1% of all qualified applicants with VEB)
Dependent	-	7,416	(32.9% of all qualified dependent applicants with VEB)
Independent	-	8,116	(9.2% of all qualified applicants with VEB)

The average grant for recipients reporting VEB was \$960. The average grant for all Pell Grant recipients was \$959. Therefore, it is not likely that the new requirement in 1982/83, to include a portion of students' Veterans' educational benefits in calculating the level of their awards, affected students adversely. In 1981/82, the average grant for recipients reporting VEB was \$881 and the average grant for all Pell Grant recipients was \$849.

TABLE 12
**SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR PELL GRANT APPLICANTS
 REPORTING VETERAN'S BENEFITS
 AWARD YEAR 1982-83**

	DEPENDENT	INDEPENDENT	TOTAL
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING OFFICIAL APPLICATIONS	32,542	111,986	144,528
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING VALID APPLICATIONS	29,169	105,694	134,863
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	20,461 62.88	89,120 79.58	109,581 75.82
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF NON-QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	8,708 26.76	16,574 14.80	25,282 17.49
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF APPLICATIONS RETURNED FOR INSUFFICIENT DATA NEVER RE-SUBMITTED FOR PROCESSING	3,373 10.37	6,292 5.62	9,665 6.69
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING UNOFFICIAL APPLICATIONS	2,044	4,930	6,974
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SELECTED FOR VALIDATION	9,780	37,414	47,194
NUMBER OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS	13,155	59,030	72,185
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$12,593,637	\$56,698,428	\$69,292,065
AVERAGE GRANT	\$957	\$960	\$959

TABLE 13

Summary Statistics for Pell Grant Applicants
Reporting Student Social Security Benefits
Award Period 1982/83

Table 13 displays information on Pell Grant applicants reporting Social Security Benefits (SSB).

During award period 1982/83, 357,955 applicants, constituting 7 percent of the Pell Grant population, reported SSB on an "official" application. Over seventy-two percent of the applicants reporting SSB were dependent. By comparison, dependent applicants accounted for only 22.5 percent of those reporting Veteran's Educational Benefits. (See Table 12)

More than 5 percent of the applications reporting SSB were returned for insufficient data and never resubmitted for processing, and thus did not generate valid Student Aid Reports. By comparison, 8 percent of the entire population did not generate valid SARs. Almost seventy-seven percent of all applicants with SSB were qualified to receive Pell Grants, with a higher proportion of independent (89.3%) than dependent (71.6%) applicants qualified for awards. By comparison, 65.3 percent of the total applicant population was eligible to receive a grant.

Approximately 69 percent of the qualified applicants who reported SSB received Pell Grants, with a higher proportion of qualified dependent than independent students eventually awarded grants. This decrease from 83.4% in 1981/82 to 69.3% in 1982/83 is most likely a result of including SSB in the calculation of award levels.

- o Qualified applicants reporting SSB who received a grant:

		<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	-	189,788	(69.3% of all qualified applicants with SSB)
Dependent	-	132,069	(71.5% of qualified dependent applicants with SSB)
Independent	-	57,719	(64.6% of qualified independent applicants with SSB)
		<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	-	282,318	(83.4% of all qualified applicants with SSB)
Dependent	-	212,013	(85.5% of qualified dependent applicants with SSB)
Independent	-	70,305	(77.6% of qualified independent applicants with SSB)

Applicants who reported SSB were selected for validation at a higher rate than applicants in general. Almost forty-nine percent of all qualified Pell applicants were selected for validation in comparison to 55.1 percent of all applicants with SSB. A comparison of applicants reporting SSB with applicants reporting Veteran's Educational Benefits (See Table 12) reveals that, overall, applicants with SSB were selected for validation at a higher rate than applicants with VEB. It is noteworthy that dependent applicants reporting SSB were selected for validation more frequently than independent applicants with SSB.

Applicants reporting SSB who were selected for validation:

		<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	-	150,905	(55.1% of all qualified applicants with SSB)
Dependent	-	109,729	(59.4% of qualified dependent applicants with SSB)
Independent	-	41,176	(46.1% of qualified independent applicants with SSB)

		<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	-	59,841	(17.7% of all qualified applicants with SSB)
Dependent	-	51,448	(20.8% of qualified dependent applicants with SSB)
Independent	-	8,393	(9.3% of qualified independent applicants with SSB)

The average grant for Pell applicants reporting Social Security Benefits was \$1054. By comparison, the average grant for the entire applicant population was \$959. This larger average award is especially interesting since dependent recipients with SSB outnumbered independent recipients by over two to one and independent recipients in general received higher average awards (see Tables 21b and 21c). By comparison, the average grant for recipients reporting Veteran's Educational Benefits was \$960.

TABLE 13
**SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR PELL GRANT APPLICANTS
 REPORTING STUDENT SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS
 AWARD YEAR 1982-83**

	DEPENDENT	INDEPENDENT	TOTAL
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING OFFICIAL APPLICATIONS	257,989	99,966	357,955
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING VALID APPLICATIONS	243,684	94,641	338,325
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	184,704 71.59	89,283 89.31	273,987 76.54
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF NON-QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	58,980 22.86	5,358 5.36	64,338 17.97
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF APPLICATIONS RETURNED FOR INSUFFICIENT DATA NEVER RE-SUBMITTED FOR PROCESSING	14,305 5.54	5,325 5.33	19,630 5.48
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING UNOFFICIAL APPLICATIONS	19,160	6,065	25,225
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SELECTED FOR VALIDATION	109,729	41,176	150,905
NUMBER OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS	132,069	57,719	189,788
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$136,869,976	\$63,073,106	\$199,943,082
AVERAGE GRANT	\$1,036	\$1,092	\$1,053

TABLE 14

Distribution of Pell Grant Applicants By
Eligibility Status and Income Range
Award Period 1982/83

Table 14 presents a distribution of Pell Grant applicants by eligibility status and income range. This table is based on data from the 1982/83 National Applicant Profile Tables and employs income categories which differ from those on the other tables in this report.

Over one-half of all qualified applicants had family incomes of \$7,500 or less. The percentage of independent students who reported in this income range was nearly three times the percentage of dependent students who reported in this range.

- o Qualified applicants with family incomes of \$7,500 or less:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 1,672,412	(53.6% of all qualified applicants)
Dependent	- 498,713	(30.2% of qualified dependents)
Independent	- 1,173,699	(79.9% of qualified independents)
	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 1,716,914	(50.6% of all qualified applicants)
Dependent	- 494,427	(26.5% of qualified dependents)
Independent	- 1,222,487	(80% of qualified independents)

The percentage of applicants who qualified for a grant was highest in the lower income ranges. This was particularly true for independent applicants.

- o Qualified applicants as a part of all applicants with family incomes of \$7,500 or less:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 1,672,412	(97.9% of all applicants with incomes of \$7,500 or less)
Dependent	- 498,713	(98.4% of dependent applicants with incomes of \$7,500 or less)
Independent	- 1,173,699	(97.8% of independent applicant with incomes of \$7,500 or less)

	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 1,716,914	(96.2% of all applicants with incomes of \$7,500 or less)
Dependent	- 494,427	(97.9% of dependent applicants with incomes of \$7,500 or less)
Independent	- 1,222,487	(95.6% of independent applicant with incomes of \$7,500 or less)

- o Qualified applicants as a percentage of all applicants with family incomes over \$15,000:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 660,265	(36.6% of all applicants with incomes of \$15,000 or more)
Dependent	- 622,286	(37.9% of dependent applicants with incomes of \$15,000 or more)
Independent	- 37,979	(23.5% of independent applicant with incomes of \$15,000 or more)

	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 815,348	(45.6% of all applicants with incomes of \$15,000 or more)
Dependent	- 786,718	(48.2% of dependent applicants with incomes of \$15,000 or more)
Independent	- 28,630	(18.5% of independent applicants with incomes of \$15,000 or more)

TABLE 14
**DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT APPLICANTS
 BY ELIGIBILITY STATUS AND INCOME RANGE**
ALL APPLICANTS - AWARD YEAR 1982-83

<u>ALL APPLICANTS</u>	INCOME RANGE								TOTAL
	\$0 - 4,000	\$4,001 - 7,500	\$7,501 - 10,000	\$10,001 - 12,000	\$12,001 - 15,000	\$15,001 - 20,000	\$20,001 - 30,000	\$30,001 AND UP	
TOTAL QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	1,021,571	650,841	303,440	210,931	274,255	318,969	298,400	42,896	3,121,303
PERCENT OF TOTAL QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	32.7	20.9	9.7	6.8	8.8	10.2	9.6	1.4	100.0
TOTAL APPLICANTS	1,027,198	680,226	359,158	242,509	320,254	436,304	689,325	678,560	4,433,534
PERCENT OF TOTAL APPLICANTS	23.2	15.3	8.1	5.5	7.2	9.8	15.5	15.3	100.0

<u>DEPENDENT APPLICANTS</u>	INCOME RANGE								TOTAL
	\$0 - 4,000	\$4,001 - 7,500	\$7,501 - 10,000	\$10,001 - 12,000	\$12,001 - 15,000	\$15,001 - 20,000	\$20,001 - 30,000	\$30,001 AND UP	
TOTAL QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	227,490	271,223	188,211	141,802	201,573	284,971	294,553	42,762	1,652,585
PERCENT OF TOTAL QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	13.8	16.4	11.4	8.6	12.2	17.2	17.8	2.6	100.0
TOTAL APPLICANTS	230,375	276,607	198,152	153,827	226,943	352,152	628,232	662,005	2,728,293
PERCENT OF TOTAL APPLICANTS	8.4	10.1	7.3	5.6	8.3	12.9	23.0	24.3	100.0

<u>INDEPENDENT APPLICANTS</u>	INCOME RANGE								TOTAL
	\$0 - 4,000	\$4,001 - 7,500	\$7,501 - 10,000	\$10,001 - 12,000	\$12,001 - 15,000	\$15,001 - 20,000	\$20,001 - 30,000	\$30,001 AND UP	
TOTAL QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	794,081	379,618	115,229	69,129	72,682	33,998	3,847	134	1,468,718
PERCENT OF TOTAL QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	54.1	25.8	7.8	4.7	4.9	2.3	0.3	0.0	100.0
TOTAL APPLICANTS	796,823	403,619	161,006	88,682	93,311	84,152	61,093	16,555	1,705,241
PERCENT OF TOTAL APPLICANTS	46.7	23.7	9.4	5.2	5.5	4.9	3.6	1.0	100.0

TABLE 15

Pell Grant Recipient Enrollment Status
By Type and Control of Institution
Award Period 1982/83

Table 15 is produced for the second time in the 1982/83 End-of-Year Report. This table shows the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by enrollment status and type and control of institution attended. Some 89.2 percent of recipients are full time students while 4.8 percent are three-quarter time students and 6 percent are half-time students.

Full-time recipients tended to be dependent (57.4%) more often than independent (42.6%). However, a greater proportion of three quarter time recipients were independent (56.3%) than dependent (43.7%). Half-time recipients also are more likely to be independent (71.7%) than dependent (28.3%).

In addition, full-time recipients are more likely to attend institution which offer programs of four years or more (60.4%) as opposed to three-quarter-time recipients (40.4%) or half-time recipients (18.2%)

TABLE 15
PELL GRANT RECIPIENT ENROLLMENT STATUS
BY TYPE AND CONTROL OF INSTITUTION
ALL INSTITUTIONS - AWARD PERIOD 1982-83

TYPE OF INSTITUTION	FULL TIME			THREE QUARTER TIME			HALF TIME		
	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS
TOTAL PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	1,390,421	783,910	606,511	80,308	38,348	41,960	68,907	17,898	51,009
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	684,486	420,340	264,146	10,492	3,850	6,642	10,649	2,655	7,994
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	143,652	93,794	49,858	21,955	18,199	3,756	4,316	1,126	3,190
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	1,458	478	980	100	12	88	115	15	100
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	545,988	264,034	281,954	46,373	15,807	30,566	50,495	13,121	37,374
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	11,478	3,913	7,565	985	345	640	2,294	672	1,622
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	3,359	1,351	2,008	403	135	268	1,038	309	729
TOTAL PRIVATE, NON-PROFIT	514,477	350,045	164,432	15,656	5,810	9,846	15,588	4,098	11,490
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	208,574	146,150	62,424	7,755	3,478	4,277	5,788	1,715	4,073
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	248,293	171,610	76,683	5,417	1,651	3,766	5,444	1,226	4,218
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	6,019	4,074	1,945	88	36	52	89	31	58
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	42,983	25,190	17,793	1,847	489	1,358	2,367	564	1,803
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	3,704	1,405	2,299	134	48	86	665	309	356
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	4,904	1,616	3,288	415	108	307	1,235	253	982
TOTAL PRIVATE, PROFIT-MAKING	249,829	102,497	147,332	19,285	6,151	13,134	61,057	19,204	41,853
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	41	13	28	28	0	28	0	0	0
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	15,520	8,936	6,584	862	231	631	242	62	180
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	3,646	1,736	1,910	59	12	47	64	18	46
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	105,132	46,989	58,143	2,467	958	1,509	10,737	3,818	6,919
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	44,319	18,369	25,950	3,559	1,394	2,165	12,873	4,395	8,478
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	81,171	26,454	54,717	12,310	3,556	8,754	37,141	10,911	26,230
TOTAL	2,154,727	1,236,452	918,275	115,249	50,309	64,940	145,552	41,200	104,352

CHAPTER 4

DISTRIBUTION OF VALIDATED PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS
INCOME BY GRANT LEVEL
AWARD PERIOD 1982/83

TABLE 16

Distribution of Validated Pell Grant Recipients
Income By Grant Level
Award Period 1982/83

Table 16 examines the relationship of family income to grant level for validated recipients. Like Table 3 it shows that the higher the family income the lower the potential grant.

A similar percentage of validated recipients and recipients in general (10.3% and 10.4%) were awarded the maximum grant of \$1,800. The percentages of lower income and higher income students receiving the maximum award are also similar for the two populations.

Of the validated students with incomes of \$15,000 or less 14% received the maximum award. This compares to 13.1% of all recipients.

	<u>1982/1983</u>	<u>1981/1982</u>
Validated and Unvalidated Recipients	13.1%	12.1%
Validated Recipients	14%	11.8%

Of the validated students with incomes greater than \$15,000, .69% received the maximum award, as compared to .71% of all recipients.

	<u>1982/1983</u>	<u>1981/1982</u>
Validated and Unvalidated Recipients	.7%	.5%
Validated Recipients	.7%	.8%

The income distribution of validated recipients is similar to that for all recipients. Almost thirty-nine percent of all validated recipients reported incomes of \$6,000 or less. By comparison, 45.5 percent of all recipients reported incomes in this range. The percentage of validated recipients (27.7%) who reported incomes greater than \$15,000 was greater than that of recipients in general (21.5%). Thus, it would appear that the increased use of validation did not result in lower reported recipient incomes as might have been expected. These figures are consistent with figures reported elsewhere.

CHAPTER 5

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR THE MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY SYSTEM
AWARD PERIOD 1982/83

TABLE 17

Multiple Data Entry Summary Statistics
Award Period 1982/83

Table 17 displays summary statistics by Multiple Data Entry (MDE) source for all Pell Grant applicants.

During the 1982/83 award period, students could apply for a Pell Grant using one of the following applications: The Application for Federal Student Aid application; American College Testing (ACT) Program's Family Financial Statement; College Scholarship Service's (CSS) Financial Aid form; or the Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency (PHEAA) form. As in 1981/82, larger average grants went to PHEAA (\$1050) and CSS (\$1030) applicants than to Pell (\$1022) and ACT (\$998) applicants. The difference between PHEAA and Pell was only \$28. However, this can be explained by the fact that applicants using the Federal form tended to have lower incomes, and lower income recipients more often attended schools with lower educational costs (see Table 8). It is also possible that more lower income than higher income applicants enrolled less than full-time.

Of the four applications, CSS's Financial Aid Form was used most frequently by Pell Grant applicants. Almost 44 percent of the 5,118,558 applications processed were from CSS. The form an applicant used did not measurably affect his or her success in obtaining a valid Student Aid Report and grant.

- o Applicants whose applications were returned for insufficient data and never resubmitted for processing (that is, who never obtained a valid SAR):

			<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	-	409,333	(8.0% of all applications processed)	
Pell	-	118,909	(6.3% of Pell applicants)	
ACT	-	59,506	(7.8% of ACT applicants)	
CSS	-	220,006	(9.9% of CSS applicants)	
PHEAA	-	8,912	(4.2% of PHEAA applicants)	
			<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	-	331,170	(6.7% of all applications processed)	
Pell	-	124,534	(7.4% of Pell applicants)	
ACT	-	43,302	(5.7% of ACT applicants)	
CSS	-	153,469	(6.6% of CSS applicants)	
PHEAA	-	9,865	(5.4% of PHEAA applicants)	

o Qualified applicants who received grants:

			<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	-	2,522,746	(75.5% of all qualified applicants)	
Pell	-	1,063,996	(71.1% of qualified Pell applicants)	
ACT	-	376,274	(79.8% of qualified ACT applicants)	
CSS	-	988,435	(79.0% of qualified CSS applicants)	
PHEAA	-	94,041	(76.8% of qualified PHEAA applicants)	

	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 2,709,076	(79.7% of all qualified applicants)
Pell	- 975,808	(74.5% of qualified Pell applicants)
ACT	- 428,046	(83.4% of qualified ACT applicants)
CSS	- 1,212,672	(83.1% of qualified CSS applicants)
PHEAA	- 92,550	(80.8% of qualified PHEAA applicants)

There was a significant difference in the numbers of students selected for validation based on the type of form they filed. As can be seen from the table below, students who filed any form other than the Federal Pell form were selected three times as often as were Federal form filers. The reason for this was the timing of the validation selection activity and the traditional filing schedules for MDE applicants.

MDE filers tend to file their applications early in the processing cycle. Generally, by the end of April, the vast majority of MDE applications have been received. Pell applicants who use the Federal form, however, tend to file later and the flow of applications tends to remain fairly steady throughout the year.

In 1982/83, validation selection was most intense at the beginning of the processing cycle. Initially, every eligible student was selected for validation. At a later time, the selection process was changed to a targeted approach. However, by that time, over one million students had been selected. Because the majority of applications processed during the initial period were MDE filers, they were selected at significantly higher rates than those applicants using the Federal form.

o Applicants selected for validation:

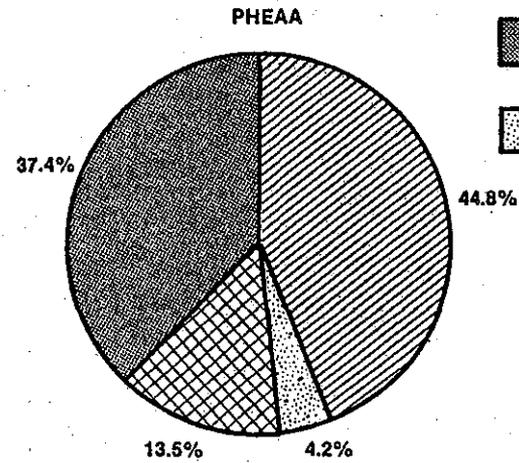
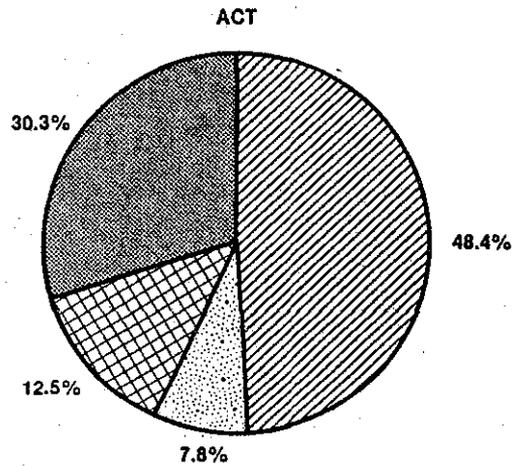
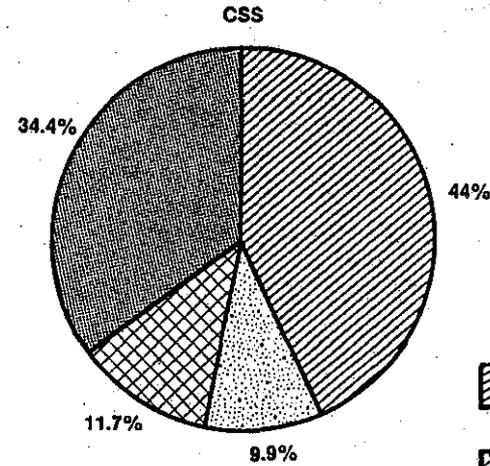
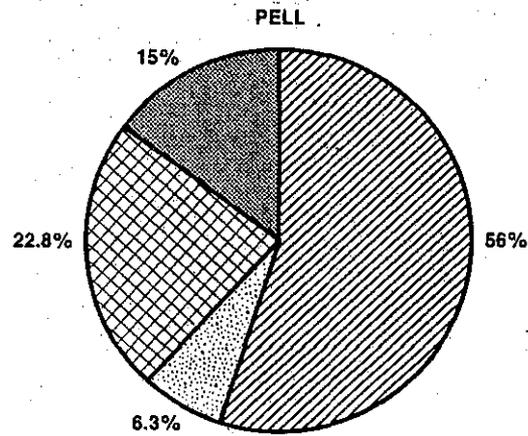
	<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	- 1,634,584	(48.9% of all qualified applicants)
Pell	- 400,208	(26.7% of qualified Pell applicants)
ACT	- 298,079	(63.2% of qualified ACT applicants)
CSS	- 848,858	(67.9% of qualified CSS applicants)
PHEAA	- 87,439	(71.4% of qualified PHEAA applicants)

	<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	- 313,791	(9.2% of all qualified applicants)
Pell	- 91,596	(7% of qualified Pell applicants)
ACT	- 57,784	(11.3% of qualified ACT applicants)
CSS	- 153,631	(10.5% of qualified CSS applicants)
PHEAA	- 10,780	(9.4% of qualified PHEAA applicants)

TABLE 17
MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY SUMMARY STATISTICS
ALL APPLICANTS - AWARD YEAR 1982-83

	PELL	ACT	CSS	PHEAA	TOTAL
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING OFFICIAL APPLICATIONS	1,900,720	761,528	2,246,491	209,819	5,118,558
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING VALID APPLICATIONS	1,781,811	702,022	2,024,485	200,907	4,709,225
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	1,496,481 78.73	471,506 61.92	1,250,931 55.68	122,453 58.36	3,341,371 65.28
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF NON-QUALIFIED APPLICANTS	285,330 15.01	230,516 30.27	773,554 34.43	78,454 37.39	1,367,854 26.72
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF APPLICATIONS RETURNED FOR INSUFFICIENT DATA NEVER RE-SUBMITTED FOR PROCESSING	118,909 6.26	59,506 7.81	222,006 9.88	8,912 4.25	409,333 8.00
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SUBMITTING UNOFFICIAL APPLICATIONS	118,593	42,914	88,368	46,271	296,146
NUMBER OF APPLICANTS SELECTED FOR VALIDATION	400,208	298,079	848,858	87,439	1,634,584
NUMBER OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS	1,063,996	376,274	988,435	94,041	2,522,746
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$1,087,900,994	\$375,416,060	\$1,018,177,860	\$98,758,682	\$2,580,253,596
AVERAGE GRANT	\$1,022	\$998	\$1,030	\$1,050	\$1,023

**BREAKDOWN OF APPLICANTS BY MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY SOURCE
AND OUTCOME OF APPLICATION PROCESSING
AWARD PERIOD 1982-83**



-  GRANT RECIPIENTS
-  QUALIFIED APPLICANTS NOT RECEIVING GRANTS
-  NON-QUALIFIED APPLICANTS
-  APPLICANTS NOT OBTAINING VALID SARs

TABLE 18

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients By
Family Income and Multiple Data Entry Application
Award Period 1982/83

- 18A - Total
- 18B - Dependent
- 18C - Independent

Tables 18A, 18B, and 18C present a distribution of Pell Grant recipients by family income and Multiple Data Entry application.

During award period 1982/83, the Federal form was used most frequently by Pell Grant recipients. Over half of all independent recipients and over one-third of all dependent recipients applied with the Federal form. During 1981/82, the CSS form was used most frequently.

o Recipients using CSS applications:

		<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	-	988,435	(39.2% of all recipients)
Dependent	-	614,452	(44.8% of dependent recipients)
Independent	-	373,983	(32.5% of independent recipients)
		<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	-	1,212,672	(44.8% of all recipients)
Dependent	-	792,151	(50.3% of dependent recipients)
Independent	-	420,521	(37.1% of independent recipients)

o Recipients using Federal applications:

		<u>1982/1983</u>	
Total	-	1,063,996	(42.2% of all recipients)
Dependent	-	459,307	(33.5% of dependent recipients)
Independent	-	604,689	(52.6% of independent recipients)
		<u>1981/1982</u>	
Total	-	975,808	(36.0% of all recipients)
Dependent	-	440,235	(27.9% of dependent recipients)
Independent	-	535,573	(47.2% of independent recipients)

Approximately 50 percent of the recipients reporting incomes of \$6,000 or less used the Federal application; 33.7 percent of this income group used the CSS form. In contrast, 51.5 percent of the recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000 applied through CSS, whereas only 23.9 percent of the recipients in this income category used the Federal application.

o Recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less by type of application:

		<u>1982/1983</u>	
Federal	-	578,300	(50.4% of all recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)
CSS	-	386,874	(33.7% of all recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)
ACT	-	151,281	(13.2% of all recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)
PHEAA	-	31,153	(2.7% of all recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)
		<u>1981/1982</u>	
Pell	-	515,032	(45.7% of all recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)

CSS	-	429,644	(38.1% of all recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)
ACT	-	156,865	(13.9% of all recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)
PHEAA	-	25,556	(2.3% of all recipients with incomes of \$6,000 or less)

o Recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000 by type of application:

		<u>1982/1983</u>	
Federal	-	129,919	(23.9% of all recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)
CSS	-	279,224	(51.5% of all recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)
ACT	-	99,957	(18.4% of all recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)
PHEAA	-	33,514	(6.2% of all recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)

		<u>1981/1982</u>	
Federal	-	128,682	(18.5% of all recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)
CSS	-	398,776	(57.3% of all recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)
ACT	-	129,753	(18.6% of all recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)
PHEAA	-	38,781	(5.6% of all recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000)

It is interesting to note that during 1981/82 only 18.5% of recipients with incomes greater than \$15,000 used the Pell form. In 1982/83 the figure is 23.9%. This increase may be because of the introduction of the "Application for Federal Student Aid", in 1982/83. Using this form, students could apply for all forms of Federal aid, not just Pell Grants, by using one form.

TABLE 18-A
DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS
BY FAMILY INCOME AND MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY APPLICATION
ALL RECIPIENTS - AWARD YEAR 1982-83

<u>FAMILY INCOME</u>	<u>MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY APPLICATION</u>				<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>PELL</u>	<u>ACT</u>	<u>CSS</u>	<u>PHEAA</u>	
LESS THAN \$1,001	128,667	37,223	91,502	5,899	263,291
R%	48.87	14.14	34.75	2.24	100.00
C%	12.09	9.89	9.26	6.27	10.44
\$1,001 - 3,000	170,541	45,952	115,262	8,136	339,891
R%	50.18	13.52	33.91	2.39	100.00
C%	16.03	12.21	11.66	8.65	13.47
\$3,001 - 6,000	279,092	68,106	180,110	17,118	544,426
R%	51.26	12.51	33.08	3.14	100.00
C%	26.23	18.10	18.22	18.20	21.58
\$6,001 - 9,000	160,258	46,534	120,997	10,115	337,904
R%	47.43	13.77	35.81	2.99	100.00
C%	15.06	12.37	12.24	10.76	13.39
\$9,001 - 15,000	195,519	78,502	201,340	19,259	494,620
R%	39.53	15.87	40.71	3.89	100.00
C%	18.38	20.86	20.37	20.48	19.61
\$15,001 - 20,000	74,342	46,583	126,350	14,020	261,295
R%	28.45	17.83	48.36	5.37	100.00
C%	6.99	12.38	12.78	14.91	10.36
\$20,001 - 30,000	50,738	46,959	131,873	16,930	246,500
R%	20.58	19.05	53.50	6.87	100.00
C%	4.77	12.48	13.34	18.00	9.77
\$30,001 +	4,839	6,415	21,001	2,564	34,819
R%	13.90	18.42	60.31	7.36	100.00
C%	0.45	1.70	2.12	2.73	1.38
TOTAL	1,063,996	376,274	988,435	94,041	2,522,746
R%	42.18	14.92	39.18	3.73	100.00
C%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

TABLE 18-B
DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS
BY FAMILY INCOME AND MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY APPLICATION
DEPENDENT RECIPIENTS - AWARD YEAR 1982-83

<u>FAMILY INCOME</u>	<u>MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY APPLICATION</u>				<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>PELL</u>	<u>ACT</u>	<u>CSS</u>	<u>PHEAA</u>	
LESS THAN \$1,001	18,484	10,318	17,518	1,202	47,522
R%	38.90	21.71	36.86	2.53	100.00
C%	4.02	4.45	2.85	1.78	3.46
\$1,001 - 3,000	41,171	10,395	20,905	1,790	74,261
R%	55.44	14.00	28.15	2.41	100.00
C%	8.96	4.49	3.40	2.66	5.41
\$3,001 - 6,000	94,939	25,604	64,870	7,682	193,095
R%	49.17	13.26	33.59	3.98	100.00
C%	20.67	11.05	10.56	11.40	14.07
\$6,001 - 9,000	76,813	29,156	76,887	7,450	190,306
R%	40.36	15.32	40.40	3.91	100.00
C%	16.72	12.58	12.51	11.06	13.86
\$9,001 - 15,000	112,480	59,785	162,042	16,371	350,678
R%	32.08	17.05	46.21	4.67	100.00
C%	24.49	25.80	26.37	24.30	25.54
\$15,001 - 20,000	61,264	43,400	120,083	13,460	238,207
R%	25.72	18.22	50.41	5.65	100.00
C%	13.34	18.73	19.54	19.98	17.35
\$20,001 - 30,000	49,347	46,651	131,161	16,857	244,016
R%	20.22	19.12	53.75	6.91	100.00
C%	10.74	20.13	21.35	25.02	17.77
\$30,001 +	4,809	6,396	20,986	2,562	34,753
R%	13.84	18.40	60.39	7.37	100.00
C%	1.05	2.76	3.42	3.80	2.53
TOTAL	459,307	231,705	614,452	67,374	1,372,838
R%	33.46	16.88	44.76	4.91	100.00
C%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

TABLE 18-C
DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS
BY FAMILY INCOME AND MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY APPLICATION
INDEPENDENT RECIPIENTS - AWARD YEAR 1982-83

<u>FAMILY INCOME</u>	<u>MULTIPLE DATA ENTRY APPLICATION</u>				<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>PELL</u>	<u>ACT</u>	<u>CSS</u>	<u>PHEAA</u>	
LESS THAN \$1,001	110,183	26,905	73,984	4,697	215,769
R%	51.07	12.47	34.29	2.18	100.00
C%	18.22	18.61	19.78	17.61	18.76
\$1,001 - 3,000	129,370	35,557	94,357	6,346	265,630
R%	48.70	13.39	35.52	2.39	100.00
C%	21.39	24.60	25.23	23.80	23.10
\$3,001 - 6,000	184,153	42,502	115,240	9,436	351,331
R%	52.42	12.10	32.80	2.69	100.00
C%	30.45	29.40	30.81	35.38	30.55
\$6,001 - 9,000	83,445	17,378	44,110	2,665	147,598
R%	56.54	11.77	29.89	1.81	100.00
C%	13.80	12.02	11.79	9.99	12.84
\$9,001 - 15,000	83,039	18,717	39,298	2,888	143,942
R%	57.69	13.00	27.30	2.01	100.00
C%	13.73	12.95	10.51	10.83	12.52
\$15,001 - 20,000	13,078	3,183	6,267	560	23,088
R%	56.64	13.79	27.14	2.43	100.00
C%	2.16	2.20	1.68	2.10	2.01
\$20,001 - 30,000	1,391	308	712	73	2,484
R%	56.00	12.40	28.66	2.94	100.00
C%	0.23	0.21	0.19	0.27	0.22
\$30,001 +	30	19	15	2	66
R%	45.45	28.79	22.73	3.03	100.00
C%	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01
TOTAL	604,689	144,569	373,983	26,667	1,149,908
R%	52.59	12.57	32.52	2.32	100.00
C%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

CHAPTER 6

INSTITUTIONS PARTICIPATING IN THE PELL GRANT
PROGRAM - SUMMARY INFORMATION
AWARD PERIOD 1982/83

TABLE 19

Summary Statistics by Type of Institution
Award Period 1982/83

Table 19 displays summary data by type of institution for award period 1982/83.

A comparison of data from award periods 1981/82 and 1982/83 shows a 1.3 percent increase in the number of institutions participating in the Pell Grant Program, from 6147 in 1981/82 to 6193 in 1982/83.

The 2013 schools which offer programs of two to three years in duration represent the largest number of any one type of institution participating in the Pell Grant Program during the 1982/83 award period. Although constituting only 11.9 percent of all institutions, five-year schools attracted over 37 percent of all recipients. An average of 1285 recipients were enrolled at each of the five-year or more institutions as compared with 438 recipients at each four-year school without graduate programs, 80 at each three to four year school, 418 at each two to three year school, and 120 at each school with a program of less than two years in duration.

Students attending schools of six months but less than one year received the highest average Pell Grants (\$1147); those enrolled in two to three-year institutions were awarded the lowest average grants (\$874). Students at five-year institutions received average grants of \$1,078. Expected disbursements to students enrolled in five-year schools in 1982/83 totaled \$1,019,670,104, representing the largest expected expenditure of Pell Grant funds among the institution types. The number of students enrolled in schools offering one to two-year programs has continued to increase from 40,993 in 1979/80 to 80,752 in 1980/81, 90,868 in 1981/82, and 103,809 in 1982/83.

TABLE 19
SUMMARY STATISTICS BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION
AWARD PERIOD 1982-83

TYPE OF INSTITUTION:	NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	NUMBER OF RECIPIENTS	AVERAGE GRANT
5 YEARS OR MORE	736	\$1,019,670,104	945,719	\$1,078
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE PROGRAM	1,033	\$508,799,693	452,518	\$1,124
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	149	\$12,837,408	11,972	\$1,072
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	2,013	\$734,652,218	840,890	\$874
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	713	\$111,875,018	103,809	\$1,078
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	1,521	\$191,992,705	167,330	\$1,147
OTHER	28	\$426,450	508	\$839
TOTAL	6,193	\$2,580,253,596	2,522,746	\$1,023

TABLE 20

Pell Grant Expenditures, Recipients, and Average
Grant By Type and Control of Institution
Award Period 1982/83

20A - Total

20B - RDS

20C - ADS

Table 20A summarizes information on Pell Grant expenditures, recipients, and average grant by type and control of institution. Tables 20B and 20C show the same summary as Table 20A, but for recipients enrolled in schools under the Regular Disbursement System (RDS) and Alternate Disbursement System (ADS), respectively. As a point of reference, RDS institutions are responsible for computing Pell Grants and disbursing grant funds to their own students, whereas the Office of Student Financial Assistance computes the grant for and disburses the funds to students attending ADS schools. ADS schools tend to be small, non-traditional schools, which do not have sufficient staff and resources to administer financial aid programs. As in previous years, about 1 percent of all recipients were enrolled in ADS institutions during award period 1982/83.

Over sixty-two percent of all recipients attended public institutions, almost 2.5 percent less than 1981/82. Over twenty-two percent attended private, non-profit schools and 15.1 percent attended private profit-making schools. A higher percentage of dependent than independent students - 65.7 percent as opposed to 34.3 percent - were enrolled in private, non-profit schools. The proportion of independent students who attended private, profit-making institutions was more than twice that of dependent students (61.7% as opposed to 38.3%). As far as public institutions were concerned, however, dependents and independents attended in similar numbers.

The percentage of RDS recipients enrolled in public institutions was more than double that of ADS recipients whereas the percentage of ADS recipients at private non-profit schools was more than twice that of RDS students.

o Recipients enrolled in public institutions:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
RDS	- 1,573,969	(63.2% of RDS recipients)
ADS	- 11,887	(36.8% of ADS recipients)
	<u>1981/1982</u>	
RDS	- 1,756,512	(65.7% of RDS recipients)
ADS	- 12,780	(37.5% of ADS recipients)

o Recipients enrolled in private, non-profit institutions:

	<u>1982/1983</u>	
RDS	- 540,437	(21.7% of RDS recipients)
ADS	- 14,848	(45.8% of ADS recipients)
	<u>1981/1982</u>	
RDS	- 591,000	(22.1% of RDS recipients)
ADS	- 15,349	(45.1% of ADS recipients)

There were 720,153 recipients enrolled in public schools with programs of five years or more, comprising the largest group of recipients attending any type of public institution. By comparison, the largest group (262,437) of recipients enrolled in private, non-profit schools went to four-year institutions without graduate programs. Most recipients (154,410) in private, profit-making schools were enrolled in institutions having programs six months to a year in length. These figures show no major trend change from 1981/82.

Overall, the average Pell Grant was \$959, with the highest average grant (\$1347) for students in programs at least six months but less than one year in private non-profit institutions and the lowest average grant (\$671) for students enrolled in programs of one year but less than two years in public institutions. RDS recipients were awarded an average grant of \$1024, while the

average grant for ADS recipients was \$915. All of these figures have risen substantially since 1981/82. Independent students received larger grants at both RDS and ADS schools as they tended to do in 1981/82.

At public institutions, independent students generally received slightly higher awards than dependent students. At private institutions, independent recipients received substantially higher awards than dependent recipients, with nearly a \$176 difference at private non-profit schools - \$1323 for independent and \$1147 for dependent recipients.

TABLE 20-A
PELL GRANT EXPENDITURES, RECIPIENTS, & AVERAGE GRANT BY TYPE & CONTROL OF INSTITUTION
ALL INSTITUTIONS - AWARD PERIOD 1982-83

TYPE OF INSTITUTION	TOTAL EXPENDITURES			TOTAL RECIPIENTS			AVERAGE GRANT		
	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS
TOTAL PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	\$1,460,377,984	\$789,622,547	\$670,755,437	1,585,856	861,652	724,204	\$921	\$916	\$926
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	741,112,152	425,039,301	316,072,851	720,153	434,981	285,172	1,029	977	1,108
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	173,513,692	112,443,557	61,070,135	172,915	114,833	58,082	1,003	979	1,051
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	1,381,114	414,544	966,570	1,754	527	1,227	787	787	788
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	527,515,893	245,726,646	281,789,247	666,734	302,845	363,889	791	811	774
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	12,413,738	4,381,833	8,031,905	18,495	6,332	12,163	671	692	660
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	4,014,945	1,500,774	2,514,171	5,297	1,985	3,312	758	756	759
OTHER	426,450	115,892	310,558	508	149	359	839	778	865
TOTAL PRIVATE, NON-PROFIT	\$670,543,155	\$418,721,290	\$251,821,865	555,285	364,976	190,309	\$1,208	\$1,147	\$1,323
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	278,475,920	181,236,235	97,239,685	225,497	153,550	71,947	1,235	1,180	1,352
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	315,124,303	199,383,525	115,740,778	262,437	176,353	86,084	1,201	1,131	1,345
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	6,807,683	4,191,396	2,616,287	6,298	4,200	2,098	1,081	998	1,247
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	53,796,191	29,053,355	24,742,836	48,330	26,726	21,604	1,113	1,087	1,145
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	6,068,473	2,317,712	3,750,761	5,100	2,054	3,046	1,190	1,128	1,231
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	10,270,585	2,539,067	7,731,518	7,623	2,093	5,530	1,347	1,213	1,398
OTHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL PRIVATE, PROFIT-MAKING	\$449,332,457	\$166,670,063	\$282,662,394	381,605	146,210	235,395	\$1,177	\$1,140	\$1,201
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	82,032	16,166	65,866	69	13	56	1,189	1,244	1,176
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	20,161,698	10,873,031	9,288,667	17,166	9,455	7,711	1,175	1,150	1,205
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	4,648,611	2,106,238	2,542,373	3,920	1,821	2,099	1,186	1,157	1,211
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	153,340,134	63,387,427	89,952,707	125,826	54,472	71,354	1,219	1,164	1,261
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	93,392,807	37,010,035	56,382,772	80,214	32,287	47,927	1,164	1,146	1,176
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	177,707,175	53,277,166	124,430,009	154,410	48,162	106,248	1,151	1,106	1,171
OTHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	\$2,580,253,596	\$1,375,013,900	\$1,205,239,696	2,522,746	1,372,838	1,149,908	\$1,023	\$1,002	\$1,048

TABLE 20-B
PELL GRANT EXPENDITURES, RECIPIENTS, & AVERAGE GRANT BY TYPE & CONTROL OF INSTITUTION
RDS INSTITUTIONS - AWARD PERIOD 1982-83

TYPE OF INSTITUTION	TOTAL EXPENDITURES			TOTAL RECIPIENTS			AVERAGE GRANT		
	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS
TOTAL PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	\$1,452,857,193	\$786,881,338	\$665,975,855	1,573,969	857,110	716,859	\$923	\$918	\$929
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	741,111,202	425,039,301	316,071,901	720,151	434,981	285,170	1,029	977	1,108
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	173,242,194	112,407,362	60,834,832	172,515	114,784	57,731	1,004	979	1,054
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	1,365,762	408,507	957,255	1,726	515	1,211	791	793	790
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	522,908,028	243,855,155	279,052,873	659,621	299,830	359,791	793	813	776
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	11,059,162	3,943,642	7,115,520	16,207	5,519	10,688	682	715	666
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	2,801,986	1,148,547	1,653,439	3,339	1,397	1,942	839	822	851
OTHER	368,859	78,824	290,035	410	84	326	900	938	890
TOTAL PRIVATE, NON-PROFIT	\$653,787,533	\$412,016,273	\$241,771,260	540,437	358,270	182,167	\$1,210	\$1,150	\$1,327
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	272,084,407	179,565,827	92,518,580	219,745	151,764	67,981	1,238	1,183	1,361
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	312,491,428	198,113,714	114,377,714	260,246	175,123	85,123	1,201	1,131	1,344
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	6,766,933	4,164,292	2,602,641	6,235	4,155	2,080	1,085	1,002	1,251
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	48,507,787	26,263,869	22,243,918	43,514	24,004	19,510	1,115	1,094	1,140
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	5,527,887	2,101,720	3,426,167	4,553	1,814	2,739	1,214	1,159	1,251
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	8,409,091	1,806,851	6,602,240	6,144	1,410	4,734	1,369	1,281	1,395
OTHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL PRIVATE, PROFIT-MAKING	\$443,988,850	\$164,934,644	\$279,054,206	375,952	144,226	231,726	\$1,181	\$1,144	\$1,204
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	82,032	16,166	65,866	69	13	56	1,189	1,244	1,176
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	20,109,322	10,862,016	9,247,306	17,087	9,437	7,650	1,177	1,151	1,209
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	4,648,611	2,106,238	2,542,373	3,920	1,821	2,099	1,186	1,157	1,211
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	151,764,233	62,881,298	88,882,935	124,352	53,949	70,403	1,220	1,166	1,262
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	92,682,926	36,785,247	55,897,679	79,468	32,027	47,441	1,166	1,149	1,178
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	174,701,726	52,283,679	122,418,047	151,056	46,979	104,077	1,157	1,113	1,176
OTHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	\$2,550,633,576	\$1,363,832,255	\$1,186,801,321	2,490,358	1,359,606	1,130,752	\$1,024	\$1,003	\$1,050

TABLE 20-C
PELL GRANT EXPENDITURES, RECIPIENTS, & AVERAGE GRANT BY TYPE & CONTROL OF INSTITUTION
ADS INSTITUTIONS - AWARD PERIOD 1982-83

TYPE OF INSTITUTION	TOTAL EXPENDITURES			TOTAL RECIPIENTS			AVERAGE GRANT		
	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS	TOTAL	DEPENDENTS	INDEPENDENTS
TOTAL PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	\$7,520,791	\$2,741,209	\$4,779,582	11,887	4,542	7,345	\$633	\$604	\$651
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	950	0	950	2	0	2	475	0	475
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	271,498	36,195	235,303	400	49	351	679	739	670
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	15,352	6,037	9,315	28	12	16	548	503	582
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	4,607,865	1,871,491	2,736,374	7,113	3,015	4,098	648	621	668
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	1,354,576	438,191	916,385	2,288	813	1,475	592	539	621
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	1,212,959	352,227	860,732	1,958	588	1,370	619	599	628
OTHER	57,591	37,068	20,523	98	65	33	588	570	622
TOTAL PRIVATE, NON-PROFIT	\$16,755,622	\$6,705,017	\$10,050,605	14,848	6,706	8,142	\$1,128	\$1,000	\$1,234
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	6,391,513	1,670,408	4,721,105	5,752	1,786	3,966	1,111	935	1,190
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	2,632,875	1,269,811	1,363,064	2,191	1,230	961	1,202	1,032	1,418
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	40,750	27,104	13,646	63	45	18	647	602	758
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	5,288,404	2,789,486	2,498,918	4,816	2,722	2,094	1,098	1,025	1,193
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	540,586	215,992	324,594	547	240	307	988	900	1,057
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	1,861,494	732,216	1,129,278	1,479	683	796	1,259	1,072	1,419
OTHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL PRIVATE, PROFIT-MAKING	\$5,343,607	\$1,735,419	\$3,608,188	5,653	1,984	3,669	\$945	\$875	\$983
FIVE YEARS OR MORE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	52,376	11,015	41,361	79	18	61	663	612	678
THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	1,575,901	506,129	1,069,772	1,474	523	951	1,069	968	1,125
ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	709,881	224,788	485,093	746	260	486	952	865	998
SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	3,005,449	993,487	2,011,962	3,354	1,183	2,171	896	840	927
OTHER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	\$29,620,020	\$11,181,645	\$18,438,375	32,388	13,232	19,156	\$915	\$845	\$963

TABLE 21

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients, and Average
Grant By Grant Level and Type of Institution
Award Period 1982/83

21A - Total
21B - Dependent
21C - Independent

Tables 21A, 21B, and 21C present the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by grant level and type of institution.

Students who attended schools with programs of at least six months but less than one year received the highest average grant of \$1147. Students attending four year institutions without graduate programs received the second highest average Pell Grants (\$1124). The lowest average grant, \$873, went to students enrolled in schools offering two to three year programs.

During award period 1982/83, the average grant for independent recipients was higher than that for dependent recipients (\$1048 for independent recipients, \$1001 for dependent recipients). For all types of institutions except two to three-year institutions, dependent applicants received lower average grants than independent applicants.

Only 9.6 percent of the students enrolled in institutions with programs of at least five years in length received the maximum grant of \$1,800 while 17.5 percent of the students attending institutions with programs of less than one year received such awards.

Approximately 48 percent of all students enrolled in two to three-year institutions received grants less than \$800. In contrast, only 33.3 percent of the students enrolled at four-year schools without graduate programs received grants below \$800.

TABLE 21-A
**DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS AND AVERAGE GRANT
 BY GRANT LEVEL AND TYPE OF INSTITUTION**
ALL RECIPIENTS - AWARD YEAR 1982-83

GRANT LEVEL	TYPE OF INSTITUTION							TOTAL
	FIVE YEARS OR MORE	FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	OTHER	
\$0 - 399	122,968	56,458	1,785	140,045	13,164	15,372	61	349,853
R%	35.15	16.14	0.51	40.03	3.76	4.39	0.02	100.00
C%	13.00	12.48	14.91	16.65	12.68	9.19	12.01	13.87
AVE-GRANT	\$242	\$242	\$243	\$257	\$240	\$240	\$240	\$248
\$400 - 799	174,468	94,132	2,546	260,252	23,105	32,083	216	586,802
R%	29.73	16.04	0.43	44.35	3.94	5.47	0.04	100.00
C%	18.45	20.80	21.27	30.95	22.26	19.17	42.52	23.26
AVE-GRANT	\$603	\$637	\$611	\$621	\$609	\$620	\$597	\$617
\$800 - 999	98,783	38,413	1,335	124,167	13,676	23,221	66	299,661
R%	32.96	12.82	0.45	41.44	4.56	7.75	0.02	100.00
C%	10.45	8.49	11.15	14.77	13.17	13.88	12.99	11.88
AVE-GRANT	\$935	\$914	\$899	\$919	\$890	\$890	\$879	\$920
\$1,000 - 1,199	106,009	38,432	844	130,436	7,699	11,830	45	295,295
R%	35.90	13.01	0.29	44.17	2.61	4.01	0.02	100.00
C%	11.21	8.49	7.05	15.51	7.42	7.07	8.86	11.71
AVE-GRANT	\$1,098	\$1,083	\$1,079	\$1,074	\$1,094	\$1,095	\$1,170	\$1,085
\$1,200 - 1,399	172,444	64,064	1,455	89,686	13,059	23,747	75	364,530
R%	47.31	17.57	0.40	24.60	3.58	6.51	0.02	100.00
C%	18.23	14.16	12.15	10.67	12.58	14.19	14.76	14.45
AVE-GRANT	\$1,306	\$1,306	\$1,285	\$1,277	\$1,265	\$1,264	\$1,204	\$1,295
\$1,400 - 1,799	179,938	83,995	2,175	48,377	16,764	31,730	29	363,008
R%	49.57	23.14	0.60	13.33	4.62	8.74	0.01	100.00
C%	19.03	18.56	18.17	5.75	16.15	18.96	5.71	14.39
AVE-GRANT	\$1,561	\$1,578	\$1,610	\$1,604	\$1,616	\$1,588	\$1,719	\$1,576
\$1,800	91,109	77,024	1,832	47,927	16,342	29,347	16	263,597
R%	34.56	29.22	0.70	18.18	6.20	11.13	0.01	100.00
C%	9.63	17.02	15.30	5.70	15.74	17.54	3.15	10.45
AVE-GRANT	\$1,860	\$1,843	\$1,833	\$1,887	\$159	\$1,850	\$1,988	\$1,859
TOTAL	945,719	452,518	11,972	840,890	103,809	167,330	508	2,522,746
R%	37.49	17.94	0.47	33.33	4.11	6.63	0.02	100.00
C%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AVE-GRANT	\$1,078	\$1,124	\$1,072	\$873	\$1,077	\$1,147	\$839	\$1,022

TABLE 21-B
**DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS AND AVERAGE GRANT
 BY GRANT LEVEL AND TYPE OF INSTITUTION**
DEPENDENT RECIPIENTS - AWARD YEAR 1982-83

GRANT LEVEL	TYPE OF INSTITUTION							TOTAL
	FIVE YEARS OR MORE	FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	OTHER	
\$0 - 399	95,534	43,859	1,160	63,347	5,412	6,115	31	215,458
R%	44.34	20.36	0.54	29.40	2.51	2.84	0.01	100.00
C%	16.23	14.59	17.72	16.49	13.31	11.71	20.81	15.69
AVE-GRANT	\$240	\$240	\$235	\$250	\$237	\$238	\$223	\$243
\$400 - 799	120,324	69,947	1,430	112,563	8,887	10,685	60	323,896
R%	37.15	21.60	0.44	34.75	2.74	3.30	0.02	100.00
C%	20.44	23.27	21.84	29.31	21.85	20.45	40.27	23.59
AVE-GRANT	\$604	\$644	\$609	\$618	\$609	\$613	\$650	\$618
\$800 - 999	54,572	22,452	754	62,631	5,017	6,595	26	152,047
R%	35.89	14.77	0.50	41.19	3.30	4.34	0.02	100.00
C%	9.27	7.47	11.51	16.31	12.33	12.62	17.45	11.08
AVE-GRANT	\$936	\$917	\$904	\$923	\$892	\$893	\$867	\$924
\$1,000 - 1,199	58,040	24,503	426	56,708	3,357	4,242	16	147,292
R%	39.40	16.64	0.29	38.50	2.28	2.88	0.01	100.00
C%	9.86	8.15	6.51	14.77	8.25	8.12	10.74	10.73
AVE-GRANT	\$1,088	\$1,072	\$1,071	\$1,074	\$1,091	\$1,092	\$1,181	\$1,080
\$1,200 - 1,399	96,711	41,744	737	44,711	4,846	7,472	3	196,224
R%	49.29	21.27	0.38	22.79	2.47	3.81	0.00	100.00
C%	16.43	13.88	11.26	11.64	11.91	14.30	2.01	14.29
AVE-GRANT	\$1,307	\$1,307	\$1,291	\$1,283	\$1,272	\$1,268	\$1,208	\$1,299
\$1,400 - 1,799	120,527	61,226	1,162	24,970	7,710	9,933	8	225,536
R%	53.44	27.15	0.52	11.07	3.42	4.40	0.00	100.00
C%	20.48	20.37	17.75	6.50	18.96	19.01	5.37	16.43
AVE-GRANT	\$1,569	\$1,583	\$1,600	\$1,596	\$1,612	\$1,595	\$1,684	\$1,578
\$1,800	42,836	36,910	879	19,113	5,444	7,198	5	112,385
R%	38.12	32.84	0.78	17.01	4.84	6.40	0.00	100.00
C%	7.28	12.28	13.42	4.98	13.38	13.78	3.36	8.19
AVE-GRANT	\$1,886	\$1,859	\$1,840	\$1,919	\$1,886	\$1,867	\$2,279	\$1,881
TOTAL	588,544	300,641	6,548	384,043	40,673	52,240	149	1,372,838
R%	42.87	21.90	0.48	27.97	2.96	3.81	0.01	100.00
C%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AVE-GRANT	\$1,030	\$1,073	\$1,025	\$880	\$1,074	\$1,097	\$777	\$1,001

TABLE 20-C
**DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS AND AVERAGE GRANT
 BY GRANT LEVEL AND TYPE OF INSTITUTION**
INDEPENDENT RECIPIENTS - AWARD YEAR 1982-83

GRANT LEVEL	TYPE OF INSTITUTION							TOTAL
	FIVE YEARS OR MORE	FOUR-YEAR NO GRADUATE	THREE YEARS BUT LESS THAN FOUR YEARS	TWO YEARS BUT LESS THAN THREE YEARS	ONE YEAR BUT LESS THAN TWO YEARS	SIX MONTHS BUT LESS THAN ONE YEAR	OTHER	
\$0 - 399	27,434	12,599	625	76,698	7,752	9,257	30	134,395
R%	20.41	9.37	0.47	57.07	5.77	6.89	0.02	100.00
C%	7.68	8.30	11.52	16.79	12.28	8.04	8.36	11.69
AVE-GRANT	\$248	\$246	\$259	\$263	\$243	\$241	\$257	\$256
\$400 - 799	54,144	24,185	1,116	147,689	14,218	21,398	156	262,906
R%	20.59	9.20	0.42	56.18	5.41	8.14	0.06	100.00
C%	15.16	15.92	20.58	32.33	22.52	18.59	43.45	22.86
AVE-GRANT	\$601	\$618	\$614	\$623	\$609	\$624	\$577	\$617
\$800 - 999	44,211	15,961	581	61,536	8,659	16,626	40	147,614
R%	29.95	10.81	0.39	41.69	5.87	11.26	0.03	100.00
C%	12.38	10.51	10.71	13.47	13.71	14.45	11.14	12.84
AVE-GRANT	\$934	\$909	\$893	\$914	\$889	\$889	\$887	\$915
\$1,000 - 1,199	47,969	13,929	418	73,728	4,342	7,588	29	148,003
R%	32.41	9.41	0.28	49.82	2.93	5.13	0.02	100.00
C%	13.43	9.17	7.71	16.14	6.88	6.59	8.08	12.87
AVE-GRANT	\$1,111	\$1,101	\$1,088	\$1,073	\$1,097	\$1,096	\$1,165	\$1,090
\$1,200 - 1,399	75,733	22,320	718	44,975	8,213	16,275	72	168,306
R%	45.00	13.26	0.43	26.72	4.88	9.67	0.04	100.00
C%	21.20	14.70	13.24	9.84	13.01	14.14	20.06	14.64
AVE-GRANT	\$1,306	\$1,303	\$1,280	\$1,272	\$1,261	\$1,262	\$1,204	\$1,290
\$1,400 - 1,799	59,411	22,769	1,013	23,407	9,054	21,797	21	137,472
R%	43.22	16.56	0.74	17.03	6.59	15.86	0.02	100.00
C%	16.63	14.99	18.68	5.12	14.34	18.94	5.85	11.96
AVE-GRANT	\$1,544	\$1,568	\$1,621	\$1,612	\$1,620	\$1,585	\$1,732	\$1,571
\$1,800	48,273	40,114	953	28,814	10,898	22,149	11	151,212
R%	31.92	26.53	0.63	19.06	7.21	14.65	0.01	100.00
C%	13.52	26.41	17.57	6.31	17.26	19.24	3.06	13.15
AVE-GRANT	\$1,836	\$1,829	\$1,826	\$1,886	\$1,845	\$1,845	\$1,853	\$1,842
TOTAL	357,175	151,877	5,424	456,847	63,136	115,090	359	1,149,908
R%	31.06	13.21	0.47	39.73	5.49	10.01	0.03	100.00
C%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AVE-GRANT	\$1,157	\$1,225	\$1,129	\$867	\$1,079	\$1,170	\$865	\$1,048

TABLE 22

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
By Educational Cost and Grant Level
Award Period 1982/83

22A - Total
22B - Dependent
22C - Independent

Tables 22A, 22B, and 22C present the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by educational cost and grant level.

During award period 1982/83, 93.9 percent of all Pell Grant recipients attended postsecondary institutions with educational costs over \$1,800.

Almost ninety-six percent of dependent recipients and 91.6 percent of independent recipients reported costs in this range.

A higher proportion of dependent than independent recipients - 38.4 percent as opposed to 29.8 percent - were enrolled in schools having educational costs of \$3,601 or more.

Educational costs for Pell Grant recipients increased from award period 1981/82 to 1982/83. The percentage of recipients who attended schools where costs were over \$3,600 increased significantly; the percentage at institutions where costs were \$1,800 or less decreased slightly.

o Recipients with educational costs greater than \$3,600:

1980/81	-	683,486	(25.2% of all recipients)
1981/82	-	806,880	(29.8% of all recipients)
1982/83	-	869,203	(34.5 of all recipients)

o Recipients with educational costs \$1,800 or less:

1980/81	-	279,794	(10.3% of all recipients)
1981/82	-	215,394	(8.0% of all recipients)
1982/83	-	152,658	(6.1% of all recipients)

Tables 22A, 22B, and 22C show that the higher the recipient's educational costs, the greater his or her potential for receiving a large Pell Grant. Of the recipients with educational costs over \$3,000, 46.6 percent received a grant of \$1,400 or greater, while 29 percent were awarded a grant less than \$800. By comparison, of the recipients with educational costs of \$3,000 or less, only 6.7 percent were awarded a grant of \$1,400 or greater, while 43.9 percent were given a grant of less than \$800.

TABLE 23

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients
By State and Control of Institution
Award Period 1982/83

Table 23 presents the distribution of Pell Grant recipients by state and control of institution.

The number of Pell Grant recipients enrolled in postsecondary institutions varied greatly from state to state. In general, the larger the population of a state, the larger the number of Pell recipients enrolled at institutions within that state. Of the fifty states, New York and California together had 512,839 recipients attending institutions in those states or 20.3 percent of the total number of Pell Grant recipients. (It should be noted that the category "All Others", which includes Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and the U.S. Trust Territories, had 127,997 recipients.) In contrast, the following 9 states had fewer than 9,000 recipients each and together accounted for less than 2 percent (49,168) of all Pell recipients: Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, New Hampshire, Nevada, Vermont, and Wyoming.

An examination of the general enrollment pattern shows that approximately 62 percent of the total recipient population attended public institutions, 22 percent attended private, non-profit institutions, and 15.1 percent attended private, profit-making institutions. However, there was considerable variety among states in the type of institution most often attended by Pell Grant recipients.

In 29 states, over two thirds of the recipients attended public institutions. States with the highest proportion of recipients enrolled in public institutions included: Alaska, California, Delaware, Idaho, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

In Massachusetts, Rhode Island, the U.S. Territories and Washington, D.C., over 50 percent of the recipients attended private institutions.

TABLE 23
**DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS
 BY STATE AND CONTROL OF INSTITUTION
 AWARD YEAR 1982-83**

	PUBLIC		PRIVATE NON-PROFIT		PRIVATE PROFIT-MAKING		TOTAL	
	RECIPS	AWARDS	RECIPS	AWARDS	RECIPS	AWARDS	RECIPS	AWARDS
ALABAMA	40,924	\$34,909,437	8,028	\$10,697,550	5,414	\$6,914,274	54,366	\$52,521,261
ALASKA	1,126	1,002,201	98	100,521	112	95,885	1,336	1,198,607
ARIZONA	23,082	20,541,800	782	967,478	10,545	11,489,094	34,409	32,998,372
ARKANSAS	19,082	17,414,101	3,391	4,022,875	2,716	3,395,247	25,189	24,832,223
CALIFORNIA	140,319	110,590,475	18,992	23,358,463	41,276	51,782,912	200,587	185,731,850
COLORADO	18,273	17,711,817	2,730	2,717,265	5,224	5,706,368	26,227	26,135,450
CONNECTICUT	9,409	8,049,196	4,856	5,178,440	3,760	3,947,548	18,025	17,175,184
DELAWARE	4,076	4,255,654	680	737,464	93	100,988	4,849	5,094,106
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	2,096	1,971,389	5,536	7,002,540	2,506	2,947,001	10,138	11,920,930
FLORIDA	55,144	46,259,991	19,717	24,969,627	14,462	18,584,269	89,323	89,813,887
GEORGIA	25,250	23,969,417	9,853	12,222,449	6,773	8,136,432	41,876	44,328,298
HAWAII	3,315	2,510,694	814	1,086,527	566	582,939	4,695	4,180,160
IDAHO	7,159	6,409,302	533	598,801	5	4,725	7,697	7,012,828
ILLINOIS	76,656	70,317,399	25,490	30,088,493	18,157	21,818,591	120,303	122,224,483
INDIANA	30,087	28,986,752	9,653	10,092,644	14,822	15,733,689	54,562	54,813,085
IOWA	21,064	20,368,238	10,416	11,884,593	2,128	2,125,381	33,608	34,378,212
KANSAS	19,188	17,351,218	5,103	5,446,995	2,316	2,686,271	26,607	25,484,484
KENTUCKY	25,446	22,195,475	6,741	7,987,213	8,653	10,480,685	40,840	40,663,373
LOUISIANA	30,309	30,302,208	3,940	4,968,174	4,533	5,583,477	38,782	40,853,859
MAINE	8,391	8,926,017	2,276	2,472,919	925	1,110,214	11,592	12,509,150
MARYLAND	27,999	26,636,385	3,150	3,622,746	2,937	3,028,431	34,086	33,287,562
MASSACHUSETTS	30,747	29,613,006	27,986	31,071,646	5,045	6,235,488	63,778	66,920,140
MICHIGAN	72,119	68,669,765	17,872	20,861,464	9,463	10,664,179	99,454	100,195,408
MINNESOTA	42,017	39,007,471	8,891	9,761,853	3,147	3,055,792	54,055	51,825,116
MISSISSIPPI	32,995	32,777,512	3,577	4,603,972	1,386	1,470,499	37,958	38,851,983
MISSOURI	31,253	27,385,121	11,745	13,087,830	8,387	10,135,745	51,385	50,608,696
MONTANA	8,437	8,124,976	969	1,058,411	98	64,987	9,504	9,248,374
NEBRASKA	15,288	13,880,032	4,285	4,736,880	1,483	1,295,280	21,056	19,912,192
NEVADA	3,107	2,669,313	54	70,026	757	769,805	3,918	3,509,144
NEW HAMPSHIRE	4,534	4,605,085	3,120	3,260,747	757	797,668	8,411	8,663,500
NEW JERSEY	40,859	41,321,658	9,456	11,429,115	13,840	16,214,271	64,155	68,965,044
NEW MEXICO	14,093	12,299,379	1,047	1,361,508	1,820	986,841	16,160	14,647,728
NEW YORK	164,470	171,362,647	81,695	101,439,876	66,087	80,032,406	312,252	352,834,929
NORTH CAROLINA	41,105	34,843,099	12,604	15,420,593	3,233	3,609,762	56,942	53,873,454
NORTH DAKOTA	8,893	8,273,241	1,520	1,876,655	396	418,483	10,809	10,568,379
OHIO	65,839	66,118,504	18,382	20,855,064	23,927	30,014,789	108,148	116,988,357
OKLAHOMA	19,737	16,463,414	4,867	5,440,170	2,131	2,557,270	26,735	24,460,854
OREGON	25,449	24,632,123	3,052	3,808,240	2,245	2,607,310	30,746	31,047,673
PENNSYLVANIA	62,692	64,440,819	35,051	37,731,927	23,926	26,254,064	121,669	128,426,810
RHODE ISLAND	6,405	5,972,631	5,055	5,123,551	2,240	2,384,372	13,700	13,480,554
SOUTH CAROLINA	23,297	20,822,920	7,308	9,502,649	4,414	5,798,657	35,019	36,124,226
SOUTH DAKOTA	9,323	9,669,244	2,341	2,795,346	1,766	1,656,514	13,430	14,121,104
TENNESSEE	31,047	28,519,987	13,449	16,831,250	6,480	7,555,146	50,976	52,906,383
TEXAS	74,796	56,940,866	16,369	18,831,298	10,894	11,385,217	102,059	87,157,381
UTAH	23,318	18,100,377	15,067	17,030,298	6,839	6,548,931	45,224	41,679,606
VERMONT	3,468	3,593,794	2,436	2,697,904	0	0	5,904	6,291,698
VIRGINIA	30,689	29,781,199	7,763	9,404,531	7,832	8,475,468	46,284	47,661,198
WASHINGTON	26,035	23,397,111	5,549	7,060,596	3,304	3,920,925	34,888	34,378,632
WEST VIRGINIA	10,594	9,963,545	2,408	2,666,265	3,127	3,399,977	16,129	16,029,787
WISCONSIN	43,281	40,246,758	6,385	7,004,152	2,384	2,740,670	52,050	49,991,580
WYOMING	2,618	2,182,120	0	0	236	241,657	2,854	2,423,777
ALL OTHERS	28,956	24,021,101	82,203	113,495,561	16,838	21,785,863	127,997	159,302,525
TOTAL	1,585,856	\$1,460,377,984	555,285	\$670,543,155	381,605	\$449,332,457	2,522,746	\$2,580,253,596

NUMBER OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS
BY STATE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDED
AWARD PERIOD 1982-83

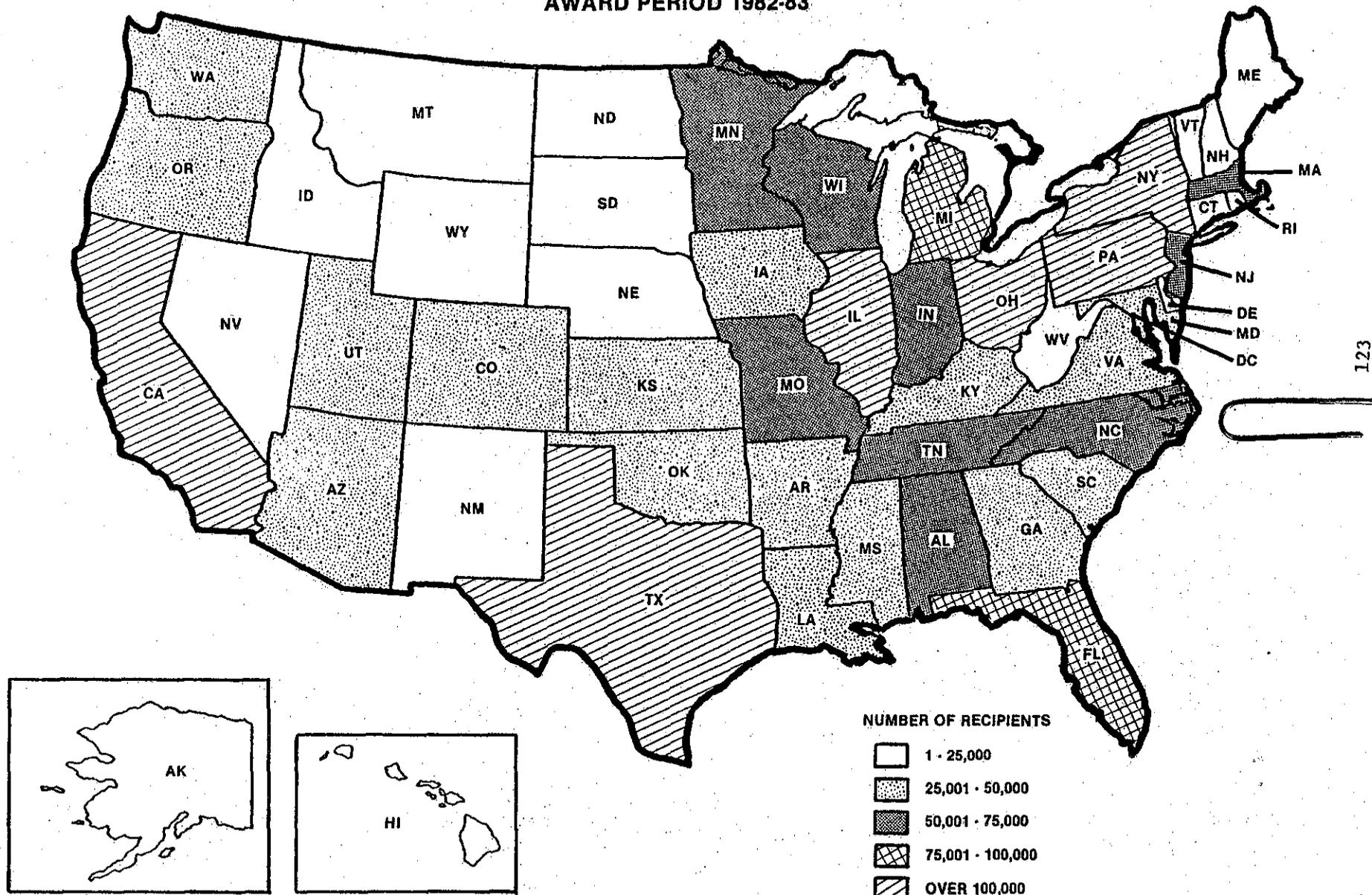


TABLE 24

Distribution of Pell Grant Recipients By
Recipients' State of Legal Residence and
Control of Institution
Award Period 1982/83

Table 24 shows a distribution of Pell Grant recipients by the recipients' state of legal residence and control of institution.

The larger a state's population, the larger the number of Pell recipients legally residing in that state. During award period 1982/83, over 100,000 recipients resided in each of the following 6 states: California, Illinois, Michigan, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, plus the Federal Territories. Texas and Florida which, during 1981/82 had more than 100,000 recipients, had somewhat fewer recipients during 1982/83. The collective number of recipients living in those 6 states and territories equalled 1,147,003 and constituted 45.5 percent of the total number of Pell Grant recipients. In contrast, each of the following 10 jurisdictions had fewer than 10,000 recipients: Alaska, Delaware, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Idaho, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Vermont, and Wyoming. These were identical to those jurisdictions reporting fewer than 10,000 recipients in 1981/82.

A comparison with the data from Table 23 shows that over 10 percent more recipients were enrolled in institutions in each of the following 6 states than recipients resided in them: Arizona, District of Columbia, Indiana, New Hampshire, North Dakota, and Utah. Utah is particularly interesting. In Utah, 45,224 recipients were enrolled in institutions, but only 14,666 recipients lived in the state. On the other hand, the comparison indicates that over 10 percent more recipients resided in each of the following six jurisdictions than were enrolled in an institution in them: Alaska, Connecticut, Georgia, Idaho, Nevada, New Jersey, and U.S. Territories. In most states, however, the number of recipients attending within a state is close to the number of recipients residing in the state.

TABLE 24
**DISTRIBUTION OF PELL GRANT RECIPIENTS
 BY RECIPIENTS' STATE OF LEGAL RESIDENCE AND CONTROL OF INSTITUTION
 AWARD YEAR 1982-83**

	PUBLIC		PRIVATE NON-PROFIT		PRIVATE PROFIT-MAKING		TOTAL	
	RECIPS	AWARDS	RECIPS	AWARDS	RECIPS	AWARDS	RECIPS	AWARDS
ALABAMA	40,262	\$33,958,851	6,722	\$8,537,536	5,686	\$7,215,409	52,670	\$49,711,796
ALASKA	1,488	1,417,301	416	484,598	288	313,529	2,192	2,215,428
ARIZONA	21,224	18,329,036	1,860	2,138,635	7,786	8,568,734	30,870	29,036,405
ARKANSAS	18,438	16,671,493	3,315	3,901,446	2,538	2,920,294	24,291	23,493,233
CALIFORNIA	139,959	110,749,367	21,664	26,744,336	38,037	47,763,007	199,660	185,256,710
COLORADO	17,290	16,517,632	3,526	3,628,738	4,590	5,010,307	25,406	25,156,677
CONNECTICUT	10,384	9,114,400	6,987	7,309,237	3,940	4,123,726	21,311	20,547,363
DELAWARE	3,279	3,281,723	882	947,854	430	475,674	4,591	4,705,251
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	2,884	2,955,482	1,884	2,389,788	2,037	2,349,338	6,805	7,694,608
FLORIDA	56,559	48,111,285	18,699	23,155,079	14,911	19,134,300	90,169	90,400,664
GEORGIA	28,548	25,891,357	9,704	11,973,687	6,201	7,414,398	44,453	45,279,442
HAWAII	3,258	2,561,050	1,272	1,559,535	559	586,508	5,089	4,707,093
IDAHO	7,118	6,366,946	1,613	1,936,871	749	835,725	9,480	9,139,542
ILLINOIS	80,915	75,624,535	29,300	34,674,857	21,740	25,805,933	131,955	136,105,325
INDIANA	28,504	27,073,208	8,748	9,229,260	8,431	7,885,299	45,683	44,187,767
IOWA	21,492	20,634,316	9,026	10,169,851	2,494	2,523,980	33,012	33,328,147
KANSAS	17,888	15,803,471	4,040	4,423,963	2,787	3,050,938	24,715	23,278,372
KENTUCKY	23,994	20,507,621	6,211	7,310,553	7,654	8,488,790	37,859	36,306,964
LOUISIANA	29,799	28,263,844	3,540	4,361,126	5,874	7,372,003	39,213	39,996,973
MAINE	8,497	9,014,807	2,947	3,315,328	1,228	1,445,177	12,672	13,775,312
MARYLAND	25,267	23,529,501	5,022	5,863,150	4,090	4,537,939	34,379	33,930,590
MASSACHUSETTS	32,045	30,999,657	24,463	26,832,178	6,115	7,366,249	62,623	65,198,084
MICHIGAN	72,251	69,040,585	19,683	23,098,024	11,961	13,239,528	103,895	105,378,137
MINNESOTA	42,737	39,603,713	8,042	8,911,087	4,022	4,043,122	54,801	52,557,922
MISSISSIPPI	31,817	31,357,646	3,735	4,836,086	1,800	1,952,540	37,352	38,146,272
MISSOURI	31,412	27,597,039	9,872	11,055,207	9,066	11,237,799	50,350	49,890,045
MONTANA	8,170	7,732,015	1,450	1,621,033	394	383,836	10,014	9,736,884
NEBRASKA	15,261	13,921,217	3,702	4,092,870	1,682	1,563,033	20,645	19,577,120
NEVADA	3,189	2,773,218	404	449,771	810	841,004	4,403	4,063,993
NEW HAMPSHIRE	3,928	3,944,917	2,460	2,597,900	810	838,264	7,198	7,381,081
NEW JERSEY	44,273	45,266,716	17,226	19,965,840	16,026	18,662,656	77,525	83,895,212
NEW MEXICO	13,868	12,230,294	1,571	1,923,341	1,076	1,714,529	17,112	15,868,164
NEW YORK	167,718	175,297,383	88,150	109,662,834	63,205	76,717,686	319,073	361,677,903
NORTH CAROLINA	38,808	32,253,267	10,161	12,330,328	4,004	4,513,722	52,973	49,097,317
NORTH DAKOTA	7,821	7,331,140	1,303	1,576,493	455	486,664	9,579	9,394,297
OHIO	66,349	66,508,633	18,313	20,739,395	23,573	29,559,218	108,235	116,807,246
OKLAHOMA	18,619	15,300,046	3,789	4,133,315	2,505	3,015,332	24,913	22,448,693
OREGON	25,164	24,454,669	3,361	4,094,699	2,312	2,669,489	30,837	31,218,857
PENNSYLVANIA	63,860	65,231,935	35,361	38,350,984	24,849	27,747,344	124,070	131,330,263
RHODE ISLAND	6,416	5,956,363	3,603	3,692,112	1,936	2,071,387	11,955	11,719,862
SOUTH CAROLINA	22,937	20,624,730	7,951	10,380,236	3,891	4,864,483	34,779	35,869,449
SOUTH DAKOTA	9,415	9,667,209	2,724	3,251,540	1,016	1,009,654	13,155	13,928,403
TENNESSEE	30,470	26,864,700	9,079	11,547,668	6,885	8,041,636	46,434	46,454,004
TEXAS	71,548	53,930,082	14,957	16,912,869	10,749	11,201,416	97,254	82,044,367
UTAH	10,249	9,244,058	3,263	3,673,236	1,154	1,181,945	14,666	14,099,239
VERMONT	3,476	3,565,929	2,156	2,365,815	178	189,570	5,810	6,121,314
VIRGINIA	29,701	28,558,829	7,113	8,521,884	7,293	8,107,900	44,107	45,188,613
WASHINGTON	25,617	22,961,124	5,681	7,134,479	3,756	4,377,192	35,054	34,472,795
WEST VIRGINIA	8,881	7,924,533	1,928	2,143,907	2,618	2,736,138	13,427	12,804,578
WISCONSIN	41,962	38,761,654	6,943	7,661,473	2,174	2,342,208	51,079	48,765,335
WYOMING	2,372	1,945,989	309	353,244	157	164,792	2,838	2,464,025
ALL OTHERS	48,475	43,151,468	89,154	122,577,879	22,486	28,671,113	160,115	194,400,460
TOTAL	1,585,856	\$1,460,377,984	555,285	\$670,543,155	381,605	\$449,332,457	2,522,746	\$2,580,253,596

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Pell Grant Program

Alternate Disbursement System (ADS): One of two methods by which Pell Grant awards are paid. Because of size or other factors which affect a school's ability to process award payments, a student is paid his or her Pell Grant directly by the Department of Education, instead of by the institution the student attends.

Application For Federal Student Aid (ASFA): This is the Department of Education form that may be used to apply for a Pell Grant as well as other forms of Federal aid.

Average Grant: The sum of all grant awards divided by the number of Pell Grant recipients.

Award Period: That period of time from July 1 of one year to June 30 of the next year. (The award period covered in this 1982/83 End-of-Year Report is July 1, 1982 - June 30, 1983).

C%: Column Percent. The number of responses in each cell within a column as a percent of the total number of responses in the column.

Control of Institution: This refers to whether an educational institution is public, private non-profit, or private profit-making.

Dependent Recipient: An individual receiving a Pell Grant as well as significant financial support from his or her parent. To be considered dependent, an individual must meet at least one of the following criteria. The individual must have:

- (1) lived with a parent for six weeks or more at any time during 1981, or 82; or
- (2) been listed as an exemption on the parent's Federal income tax form in either 1981, or 82; or
- (3) received assistance worth more than \$750 from the parent at any time during 1981, or 82.

Educational Cost: The total cost of attending an institution offering postsecondary education course work for a full academic year. Factors included in calculating educational costs are: (1) tuition and fees; (2) living expenses, and (3) miscellaneous expenses, i.e., books, supplies.

Expenditures: Funds awarded to Pell Grant recipients through either the regular or the alternate disbursement system for an award period.

Expected Disbursement: The amount of money expected to be received by a Pell Grant recipient based on a student's SAI, educational costs and expected enrollment status. In 1982/83 one-third of a Veteran's educational benefits as well as any Social Security educational benefits were also considered in determining the student's award. Expected disbursements do not necessarily correspond with actual grant expenditures.

Family Income: One of the primary factors considered in determining eligibility for a Pell Grant. In this report family income is considered to be the sum of a family's adjusted gross income and non-taxable income (including non-educational Social Security benefits and AFDC).

Grant Level: The amount of money expected to be received by a Pell Grant recipient for a year. The grant level is based on the Pell Student Aid Index (SAI), the educational cost, the enrollment status (full-time, 3/4 time, half-time), Social Security educational benefits and one-third of Veterans' educational benefits. In general, educational costs must exceed the SAI by at least 200 for a full-time student to qualify for the minimum award. For the lowest SAI of zero, the grant level may be half of the educational costs, subject to an overall maximum of \$1,800.

Independent Recipient: An individual receiving a Pell Grant who is not dependent on his or her parent for financial support. To be considered independent, an individual must not have:

- (1) lived with a parent for more than six weeks in 1981, or 82; or
- (2) been listed as an exemption on the parent's income tax form for any one of the above years, or
- (3) received financial assistance worth over \$750 from the parent at any time during 1981, or 82.

For married students, the only year that applies is 1982.

Institution: Schools participating in the Pell Program. Institutions are classified in the following manner:

- o Five Year or More - schools offering programs of at least five years in duration.
- o Four Year No Graduate - schools offering programs leading to an undergraduate degree only.
- o Three to Four Year - schools requiring at least three but less than four years of course work, and awarding a degree or a certificate of proficiency.

- o Two to Three Year - schools requiring at least two but less than three years of course work, and awarding a degree or a certificate of proficiency. (Often these are community colleges).
- o One Year But Less Than Two Years - schools requiring course work of at least one but less than two years, and awarding degrees or certificates of proficiency.
- o Six Months But Less Than One Year - schools requiring course work of at least six months but less than one year, and awarding degrees or certificates of proficiency. (Often these are technical or secretarial schools).

The above classifications are also known as "institution type".

MDE: Multiple Data Entry. Process by which an individual can apply for a Pell using any one of the following three different application forms in addition to the U.S. Department of Education's Application for Student Financial Aid (ASFA):

- o The College Scholarship Service's Financial Aid Form (FAF);
- o The American College Testing Program's Family Financial Statement (FFS);
- o The Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency's Application for State Grant and Pell Grant.

These three forms are known as multiple data entry forms (or MDE forms) because a student may use them to apply for Pell Grants as well as other kinds of Federal education aid.

MISAA: Middle-Income Student Assistance Act. Law passed by Congress in 1978 which expanded eligibility for Pell Grants.

N: Number. The number of applicants, recipients or other values found in each table cell.

Net Asset Level: Estimated monetary value of an applicant's (or applicant's family if applicant is a dependent) property minus the applicant's liabilities. Factors considered in estimating net asset level include the value of the applicant's home, investments, business, farm, cash and savings, and all debts against those assets.

Non-Qualified Applicant: Individual who has submitted an official application for a Pell Grant but has been determined ineligible to receive a grant because of insufficient financial need. A non-qualified applicant will have an SAI greater than 1600.

Official Application: The first application to be processed by the central processor.

Payment Schedule: A table showing a full-time student's Scheduled Award for a given award period. The Payment Schedule also includes the Disbursement Schedules which are tables showing the grant amounts three-quarter and half-time students would receive for an academic year.

PELL: Pell Grant. One of six major financial aid programs offered by the Office of Student Financial Assistance to assist individuals in furthering their postsecondary education.

Qualified Applicant: Individual who has submitted an official application for a Pell Grant and has been determined eligible to receive a grant award. A qualified applicant has an SAI of 1600 or less.

R%: Row Percent. The number of responses in each cell within a row as a percent of the total number of responses in the row.

Regular Disbursement System (RDS): Method by which most students are paid Pell Grant Awards. Institutions on the Regular Disbursement System receive funds during the year, with the amount of funds received based on the projected number of students attending the institution. Students then receive Pell Grant payments directly from the institution where they are enrolled.

Scheduled Award: The amount that a full-time student enrolled for a full academic year is eligible to receive for a given year.

SAI: Student Aid Index. Number given to applicant, based on applicant's financial strength as indicated by factors such as family income, net assets, and household size, which is combined with applicant's educational cost and enrollment status (full-time, 3/4 time, half-time) to determine applicant's grant level. For a given educational cost and enrollment status, a lower SAI results in a higher grant level.

SAR: Student Aid Report. A report provided to an applicant showing the amount of the applicant's expected family contribution. The applicant must submit an SAR to the institution he or she plans to attend in order to receive his or her award.

SVR: Student Validation Roster. Report filled out by institutions and returned to the Department of Education at the end of each fiscal year, which verifies each recipient's status and the actual amount paid to the recipient.

Unofficial Application: Any Pell Grant application form or MDE record (other than a Special Condition Form) received by the central processor subsequent to processing the first application.

Valid Application: An application from which an SAI can be calculated.

Validation: The process by which Pell applicants are selected and required to present to their school's financial aid officer those forms, (such as their Federal Income Tax Return and W2 statements), which confirm the accuracy of the financial information they reported on their application.